

fit-PC3 / fit-PC3i

Hardware Specification

Legal Notice

© 2013 CompuLab Ltd.

All Rights Reserved. No part of this document may be photocopied, reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means whether, electronic, mechanical, or otherwise without the prior written permission of CompuLab Ltd.

No warranty of accuracy is given concerning the contents of the information contained in this publication. To the extent permitted by law no liability (including liability to any person by reason of negligence) will be accepted by CompuLab Ltd., its subsidiaries or employees for any direct or indirect loss or damage caused by omissions from or inaccuracies in this document.

CompuLab Ltd. reserves the right to change details in this publication without notice.

Product and company names herein may be the trademarks of their respective owners.

CompuLab Ltd.
17 HaYetsira St., Yokneam Elite 20692,
P.O.B 687
ISRAEL
Tel: +972-4-8290100
<http://www.compulab.co.il>
<http://fit-pc.com/web/>
Fax: +972-4-8325251

Revision History

Revision	Engineer	Revision Changes
1.0	Maxim Birger	Initial public release

Table of Contents

Legal Notice.....	2
Revision History	3
1 Introduction.....	9
1.1 About This Document	9
1.2 Reference	9
1.3 Terms and Acronyms	10
2 System Overview.....	11
2.1 Highlights	11
2.2 Specifications	11
2.3 System Block Diagram.....	14
2.4 Models and Platform SKUs	15
3 Platform.....	16
3.1 Processor.....	16
3.1.1 Processor Features.....	16
3.2 Graphics Processor.....	17
3.2.1 Graphics Features	17
3.2.2 Display Interface	17
3.2.3 APU PCI Express* Controller	18
3.3 Chipset	19
3.3.1 Unified Media Interface (UMI).....	20
3.3.2 FCH PCI Express* Controller.....	20
3.3.3 PCI Host Bus Controller	20
3.3.4 Serial ATA (SATA) Controller	20
3.3.4.1 AHCI.....	21
3.3.5 Low Pin Count (LPC) Bridge.....	22
3.3.6 Universal Serial Bus (USB) Controllers	24
3.3.7 RTC	25
3.3.8 GPIO	25
3.3.9 System Management Bus (SMBus)	25
3.3.10 High Definition Audio Controller.....	26
3.3.11 Integrated Clock Controller.....	26

3.4	System Memory	27
3.4.1	Processor Integrated Memory Controller	27
3.4.2	System Supported Memory	28
3.4.3	System Memory Timing Support	29
3.4.4	System Memory Organization Modes	29
3.4.5	Rules for Populating Memory Slots	29
3.5	Storage	30
3.5.1	Certified storage devices.....	31
3.5.1.1	HDD examples.....	31
3.5.1.2	mSATA SSD examples.....	35
4	Peripherals.....	37
4.1	USB3.0 Host Controller	37
4.2	Network	38
4.2.1	Realtek RTL8111F GbE Controller	38
4.2.1.1	Realtek RTL8111F Features.....	38
4.2.1.2	LAN Ports LEDs notifications	39
4.3	Wireless Networks	39
4.4	Wireless Module Features	39
4.4.1	WLAN	41
4.4.2	Bluetooth	41
4.4.3	Security	41
4.5	Audio	42
4.5.1	Audio Codec General Description	42
4.5.2	Audio Codec Features	42
4.6	Super-I/O Controller	45
5	Interfaces	46
5.1	PCI Express*	46
5.1.1	PCI Express* Architecture	46
5.1.2	PCI Express* Specifications	46
5.1.3	Mini PCI Express* Edge Connector	47
5.2	Unified Media Interface (UMI).....	48
5.2.1	UMI Specifications	48

5.3	Digital Display Interface	48
5.3.1	High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI)	48
5.3.1.1	HDMI Connector	49
5.3.2	Digital Video Interface (DVI)	50
5.3.3	Display Port Interface (DP)	50
5.3.3.1	DisplayPort Connector	52
5.4	Analog Display Interface	55
5.4.1	VGA DB15 Connector	55
5.5	RS232 Serial Interface	56
6	Miscellaneous Features.....	57
6.1	Mini PCI Express/mSATA sharing	57
6.2	FACE Module Interface	58
6.2.1	Extension Connectors	59
6.2.2	Connectors Pinout.....	60
6.3	Custom Design GPIOs.....	63
6.4	Misc Use Connector	64
7	Advanced Technologies.....	65
7.1	AMD Virtualization Technology	65
8	Power Management.....	66
8.1	Power Manager.....	66
9	Electrical Characteristics	67
9.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings	67
9.2	Recommended Operating Conditions.....	67
9.3	DC Electrical Characteristics.....	67
9.4	Power Supply	67
10	Mechanical Characteristics	68
10.1	Mechanical Drawings	68
10.1.1	Fit-PC3 Pro.....	68
10.1.2	Fit-PC3 LP	71
10.1.3	Fit-PC3i	74
10.1.4	Single Board Computer	75
10.1.4.1	With FACE Module	75

10.1.4.2	Without FACE Module	75
10.2	Environmental.....	76
11	Resources.....	77

Table of Figures

Figure 1 – fit-PC3 Top Level Block Diagram	14
Figure 2 – fit-PC3i Top Level Block Diagram	15
Figure 3 – Block Diagram for the SATA Module	21
Figure 4 – Typical LPC Bus System	22
Figure 5 – Block Diagram of LPC Module.....	23
Figure 6 – USB Controllers Block Diagram	24
Figure 7 – RTC Block Diagram	25
Figure 8 – System Clock Generation	26
Figure 9 – Memory Interface	27
Figure 10 – SATA Interface	30
Figure 11 – Wireless Module Q802XRN5B Block Diagram.....	40
Figure 12 – Audio Codec Functional Block Diagram.....	44
Figure 13 – SMSC SIO1007 Super-I/O Controller functional block diagram.....	45
Figure 14 – HDMI Link Diagram	49
Figure 15 – DP Link Diagram	51
Figure 16 – COM1 Serial Port Pinout	56
Figure 17 – fit-PC3/3i PC Mini PCIe/mSATA scheme.....	57
Figure 18 – FACE Module concept	58
Figure 19 – fit-PC3 Pro Isometric Front.....	68
Figure 20 – fit-PC3 Pro Isometric Back.....	68
Figure 21 – fit-PC3 Pro Front Panel.....	69
Figure 22 – fit-PC3 Pro Back Panel	69
Figure 23 – fit-PC3 Pro Top.....	70
Figure 24 – fit-PC3 Pro Bottom	70
Figure 25 – fit-PC3 LP Isometric Front	71
Figure 26 – fit-PC3 LP Isometric Back.....	71
Figure 27 – fit-PC3 LP Front Panel.....	72
Figure 28 – fit-PC3 LP Back Panel.....	72
Figure 29 – fit-PC3 LP Top	73
Figure 30 – fit-PC3 LP Bottom	73
Figure 31 – fit-PC3i Pro Back Panel	74
Figure 32 – SBC-FITPC3 Mechanical Drawing with FACE Module	75
Figure 33 – SBC-FITPC3 Mechanical Drawing without FACE Module	75

Table of Tables

Table 1 – Reference Documents	9
Table 2 – Terms and Acronyms	10
Table 3 – Platform Specifications	11
Table 4 – Display and Graphics Specifications	12
Table 5 – Audio Specifications	12
Table 6 – Networking Specifications	12
Table 7 – Connectivity Specifications	13
Table 8 – Mechanical and Environmental Specifications	13
Table 9 – Models and Platform SKUs	15
Table 10 – Supported Memory Technologies	28
Table 11 – Supported Max Memory Size per SO-DIMM	29
Table 12 – DDR3 System Memory Timing Support	29
Table 13 – WD Scorpio Blue HDD series	31
Table 14 – WD Scorpio Blue HDD series (cont.)	32
Table 15 – Hitachi CinemaStar C5K750 HDD models	33
Table 16 – Seagate Momentus HDD series	34
Table 17 – Micron mSATA NAND Flash SSD	35
Table 18 – ACPI CMS2G-M SSD	36
Table 19 – LAN ports LEDs status notification	39
Table 20 – WLAN Channel Assignment	41
Table 21 – BT Channel Assignment	41
Table 22 – mini PCI Express edge connector pinout	47
Table 23 – Downstream Port HDMI Connector Pinout	49
Table 24 – Downstream Port HDMI Connector Signal Description	50
Table 25 – Downstream Port DP Connector Pinout	52
Table 26 – Upstream Port DP Connector Pinout	53
Table 27 – Display Port Cable	54
Table 28 – VGA DB15 Connector	55
Table 29 – B2B receptacle connector HOST side	59
Table 30 – B2B plug connector FACE Module side	59
Table 31 – EXT1 connector HOST side pinout	60
Table 32 – EXT2 connector HOST side pinout	61
Table 33 – Custom Design GPIO table	63
Table 34 – Misc Use Connector	64
Table 35 – Absolute Maximum Ratings	67
Table 36 – Recommended Operating Condition	67
Table 37 – DC Electrical Characteristics	67
Table 38 – Operating Temperature Grades	76

1 Introduction

1.1 About This Document

This document is part of a set of reference documents providing information necessary to operate CompuLab's fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i computers.

1.2 Reference

For additional information not covered in this manual, please refer to the documents listed in **Table 1**.

Table 1 – Reference Documents

Document	Location
FACE Module HW Specifications	http://fit-pc.com/download/face-modules/documents/face-modules-hw-specifications.pdf
AMD Virtualization Technology	http://sites.amd.com/uk/business/it-solutions/virtualization/Pages/amd-v.aspx

1.3 Terms and Acronyms

Table 2 – Terms and Acronyms

Term	Definition
APM	Advanced Power Management
APU	Accelerated Processing Unit
B2B	Board to Board (connectors)
BER	Bit error rate
bps	Bits per second
BT	Bluetooth
CAN	Controller Area Network
Codec	Coder decoder
DDR	Dual data rate
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DSP	Digital signal processor
FACE Module	F unction A nd C onnectivity E xtension Module
FCH	Platform Controller Hub
FM-xxxx	FACE Module – <i>connectivity options</i>
GB/s	Gigabytes per second
GPIO	General-purpose input/output
GT/s	Giga Transfers per second (throughput)
HW	Hardware
JTAG	Joint Test Action Group (ANSI/ICEEE Std. 1149.1-1990)
kbps	Kilobits per second
LAN	Local Area Network
MB/s	Megabytes per second
Mbps	Megabits per second
MT/s	Mega Transfers per second (throughput)
NVM	Non Volatile Memory
OTP	One Time Programmable
PCM	Pulse-coded Modulation
PEG	PCI Express Graphics
Rx	Receive
SCH	System Controller Hub
SDRAM	Synchronous dynamic random access memory
SoC	System-on-Chip
SPI	Serial peripheral interface
Tx	Transmit
UART	Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter
USB	Universal serial bus
USB-OTG	Universal serial bus on-the-go
USIM	UMTS subscriber interface module
VCTCXO	Voltage-controlled temperature-compensated crystal oscillator
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
XO	Crystal oscillator

2 System Overview

2.1 Highlights

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i are fully functional miniature computers based on AMD Embedded G-Series 64-bit dual core processor family.

Together with powerful AMD Radeon HD graphics engine, rich peripherals and connectivity options, completely fanless design delivers outstanding performance at lowest power consumption. The product offered in two processors SKUs, offering low-end and mid-end processing power. Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i differs in a set of proposed connectivity and I/O options, as 2nd video output technology, number of LAN ports, Serial RS232 connectivity and readiness for cellular communication.

Performance Value ratio, low-power, rich I/O, miniature rugged design and cost competitiveness position fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i as an attractive solution for a wide range of applications – industrial control and automation, networking and communications infrastructures, media players and media centers, IPTV, infotainment system, digital signage and smart kiosks, gaming or small-footprint desktop replacement.

2.2 Specifications

Table 3 – Platform Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Processor	AMD Embedded G-Series (FT1): G-T56N/G-T40E
	Dual core 64-bit
	Clock speed 1GHz – 1.65GHz (Note 1)
	18W TDP (Pro models)
	6.4W TDP (LP models)
Chipset	AMD Fusion Controller Hub (FCH) A55E
Memory	Up to 16GB (2x 8GB) DDR3/DDR3L-1066/1333
	2x SO-DIMM 204-pin DDR3/DDR3L SDRAM memories
Storage	1x SATA up to 6 Gbps (SATA 3.0) for internal 2.5" HDD/SSD, HDD to be used 5400rpm only
	1x mSATA slot up to 6 Gbps (SATA 3.0)
	2x eSATA ports up to 6 Gbps (SATA 3.0) (fit-PC3 only)
Advanced Technologies	AMD Virtualization Technology
Operating Systems	Windows XP/7/8, 32-bit and 64-bit
	Linux 32-bit and 64-bit
	Embedded OS

Table 4 – Display and Graphics Specifications

Feature	Specifications	
	fit-PC3	fit-PC3i
GPU	AMD Radeon HD 6320/ HD 6250 (Pro/LP models) Dual display mode supported	
Video Output 1	HDMI 1.4a up to 1920 x 1200 @ 60Hz	HDMI 1.4a up to 1920 x 1200 @ 60Hz
Video Output 2	DisplayPort 1.1a up to 2560 x 1600 @ 60Hz	HDMI 1.4a up to 1920 x 1200 @ 60Hz

Table 5 – Audio Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Codec	Realtek ALC888-VC2 HD audio codec
Audio Output	Analog stereo output Digital 7.1+2 channels S/PDIF output 3.5mm jack
Audio Input	Analog stereo Microphone input Digital S/PDIF input 3.5mm jack

Table 6 – Networking Specifications

Feature	Specifications	
	fit-PC3	fit-PC3i
LAN	1x GbE LAN ports (extendable up to 5) LAN1: Realtek RTL8111F-CG GbE controller (RJ-45) LAN2: N/A LAN3-6: Depends on FACE Module (Note 2)	2x GbE LAN ports (extendable up to 6) LAN1: Realtek RTL8111F-CG GbE controller (RJ-45) LAN2: Realtek RTL8111F-CG GbE controller (RJ-45) LAN3-6: Depends on FACE Module (Note 2)
Wireless	WLAN 802.11 b/g/n (2.4GHz Qcom Q802XRN5B module) Bluetooth 3.0 + HS	

Table 7 – Connectivity Specifications

Feature	Specifications	
	fit-PC3	fit-PC3i
USB	6x USB 2.0 (Note 3) 2x USB 3.0	8x USB 2.0 (Note 3)
Serial	1x RS232 serial communication COM1: Serial port (u mini serial)	N/A
Special I/O	N/A	1x micro SIM slot (6 pins)
Expansion	Half-size mini-PCIe socket Full-size mini-PCIe socket (Note 5)	

Table 8 – Mechanical and Environmental Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Input Voltage	Unregulated 10 – 15VDC input (Note 6)
Power Consumption	9W – 24W (Pro models) 7W – 15W (LP models)
Operating Temperatures	1. Commercial HDD models: 0°C – 50°C SSD models: 0°C – 70°C 2. Extended (TE) SSD models only: -20°C – 70°C 3. Industrial (TI) SSD models only: -40°C – 70°C
Enclosure Material	Die Cast Aluminum
Cooling	Passive Cooling Fanless Design
Dimensions	19cm x 16cm x 4cm (Pro models) 19cm x 16cm x 2.5cm (LP models)
Weight	1100/1050gr (Pro/LP models respectively)

Notes:

- For full processors specifications based on fit-PC3/3i model, please refer to models and platform SKU **Table 9**.
- Option for additional 4x GbE LAN ports. LAN3-6 based on FACE Module installed:
 - FM-4USB: N/A
 - FM-1LAN: LAN3 RTL8111F-CG GbE controller (RJ-45), LAN4-6: N/A
 - FM-4LAN: Intel 82574 GbE Controller (RJ-45)
 - FM-POE: Intel 82574 or I211AT GbE Controller (RJ-45)
- Up to 4x additional USB2.0 on front panel based on FACE Module installed.
- FACE Module HW specifications document - Table 1.
- Shared with mSATA. Refer to **Figure 17**.
- Nominal input voltage: 12V

3 Platform

3.1 Processor

The AMD Embedded G-Series processor is the world's first integrated circuit to combine a low-power CPU and a discrete-level GPU into a single embedded Accelerated Processing Unit (APU). This unprecedented level of graphics integration builds a new foundation for high performance multi-media content delivery in a small form factor and power efficient platform for a broad range of embedded designs. Based on a power-optimized core, the AMD Embedded G-Series platform delivers levels of performance in a compact BGA package that is ideal for low power designs in embedded applications.

3.1.1 Processor Features

This section lists the features and design capabilities of the AMD Embedded G-Series processor:

- Two high performance integrated x86 execution cores
- A 32-kB instruction and 32-KB data first-level cache (L1) for each core
- A 512-kB shared instruction / data second-level cache (L2) for each core
- Compatible with Existing 32-bit x86 and 64-bit AMD64 Code Base
 - Support for SSE, SSE2, SSE3, SSE4A, SSSE3, MMX™, and legacy x86 instructions
- AMD 64-bit floating-point accelerator
- AMD Virtualization™ technology (AMD-V™)
- Integrated Memory Controller
 - 64-bit DDR3 SDRAM controller operating at throughputs up to 1333 MT/s
 - Theoretical max BW of 8.53 GB/s assuming DDR3 SDRAM 1066 MT/s
 - Theoretical max BW of 10.65 GB/s assuming DDR3 SDRAM 1333 MT/s
- Integrated graphics processor

3.2 Graphics Processor

This section lists the graphics features available for the AMD Embedded G-Series processor.

3.2.1 Graphics Features

- AMD Radeon HD 6320 GPU Core architecture for Pro models
- AMD Radeon HD 6250 GPU Core architecture for LP models
- Dedicated graphics memory controller
- 2D Acceleration
 - Highly-optimized 128-bit engine, capable of processing multiple pixels per clock
- 3D Acceleration
 - DirectX® 11 compliant, including full speed 32-bit floating point per component operations
 - Support for OpenCL™ 1.1
 - Support for OpenGL 3.2 and 2.1
- Motion Video Acceleration Features
 - Dedicated hardware (UVD 3) for H.264, MPEG4 Part 2, VC-1, and MPEG2 decode
 - Microsoft DirectX video acceleration (DXVA) API (application programming interface) for Windows operating system
 - Video scaling and YCrCb to RGB color space conversion for video playback and fully adjustable color controls
 - Motion adaptive and vector based de-interlacing filter eliminates video artifacts caused by displaying interlaced video on non-interlaced displays, and by analyzing image and using optimal de-interlacing functions on a per-pixel basis
 - HD HQV and SD HQV support: noise removal, detail enhancement, color enhancement, cadence detection, sharpness, and advanced de-interlacing
 - Super up-conversion for SD to HD resolutions

3.2.2 Display Interface

Display interface is fully integrated inside the Accelerated Processing Unit (APU). The APU houses memory interface, display planes, pipes, transcoders and display interface. The number of planes, pipes, and transcoders decide the number of simultaneous and concurrent display devices that can be driven on a platform. Fit-PC3/3i APU system architecture provides one Analog and two Digital Ports. Each Digital Port can transmit data according to one or more protocols. Fit-PC3 Digital Ports configured to drive natively HDMI/DVI and DisplayPort*. Fit-PC3i Digital Ports configured to drive two HDMI/DVI displays. Each digital port has control signals that may be used to control, configure and/or determine the capabilities of an external device. Fit-PC3/3i design supports one, two or three simultaneous independent and concurrent display configurations, when two displays supported natively and for additional 3rd display provision is given.

For further display interface information refer to sections 5.3 and 5.4 .

3.2.3 APU PCI Express* Controller

The APU provides up to 4 PCI Express Root Ports, supporting the PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 2.0. Each Root Port x1 lane supports up to 5 Gbps bandwidth in each direction (10 Gbps concurrent). APU supports 4x1 or 1x4 PCI Express link. Supports L0s and L1 link power states for power saving.

3.3 Chipset

The FCH provides extensive I/O support. Functions and capabilities include:

- Unified Media Interface (UMI)
- PCI Express* Base Specification, Rev 2.0 support up to x4 ports with transfers up to 5 GT/s
- PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.3 support for 33 MHz PCI operations
- 4 OHCI and 3 EHCI host controllers to support 14x USB2.0 ports and 2x USB1.1 ports
- Enhanced DMA controller, interrupt controller, and timer functions
- Integrated SATA host controllers within dependent DMA operation on six ports
- System Management Bus (SMBus) controller, with additional support for I2C devices
- Integrated Clock Controller
- Low Pin Count (LPC) interface
- High Definition Audio

3.3.1 Unified Media Interface (UMI)

Unified Media Interface (UMI) is the chip-to-chip connection between the processor and FCH. This high-speed interface integrates advanced priority-based servicing allowing for concurrent traffic and true isochronous transfer capabilities. Base functionality is completely software-transparent, permitting current and legacy software to operate normally.

- 1-, 2-, or 4-lane Unified Media Interface connecting the FCH with the APU
- Automatic detection of lane configuration on boot-up
- Dynamic lane width up/down configuration on detecting bandwidth requirement
- Supports transfer rate of up to 5.0 GT/s per lane
- Clock speed can be locked at 2.5 GHz for power saving

3.3.2 FCH PCI Express* Controller

The FCH provides up to 4 PCI Express Root Ports, supporting the PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 2.0. Each Root Port x1 lane supports up to 5 Gbps bandwidth in each direction (10 Gbps concurrent). PCI Express Root Ports can independently be configured to support four x1s, two x2s, one x2 and two x1s, or one x4 port widths. Supports L0s and L1 link power states for power saving.

Refer to section 5.1 for detailed feature set.

3.3.3 PCI Host Bus Controller

The PCI Bridge supports up to four PCI slots. The PCI Bridge runs at 33 MHz and can support CLKRUN# function with individual clock override (option for not stopping specific PCICLK). In addition, it has the capability to hide individual PCI devices. The FCH has a strapping option that allows loading of the boot codes from the PCI bus on the very first boot (first boot after RSMRST#). Subsequent boots will revert back to the ROM selection determined by the ROM straps or PMIO programming. This allows system manufacturers to populate the motherboard with a blank flash device (for BIOS) and use this option to program it. This is particularly useful for systems built without a socket for the BIOS ROM.

- Supports PCI bus at 33MHz
- Supports PCI Rev. 2.3 specification
- Supports up to 4 bus master devices
- Supports 40-bit addressing
- Interrupt steering supported for plug-n-play devices
- Supports concurrent PCI operations
- BIOS/hardware support to hide PCI device
- Supports spread spectrum

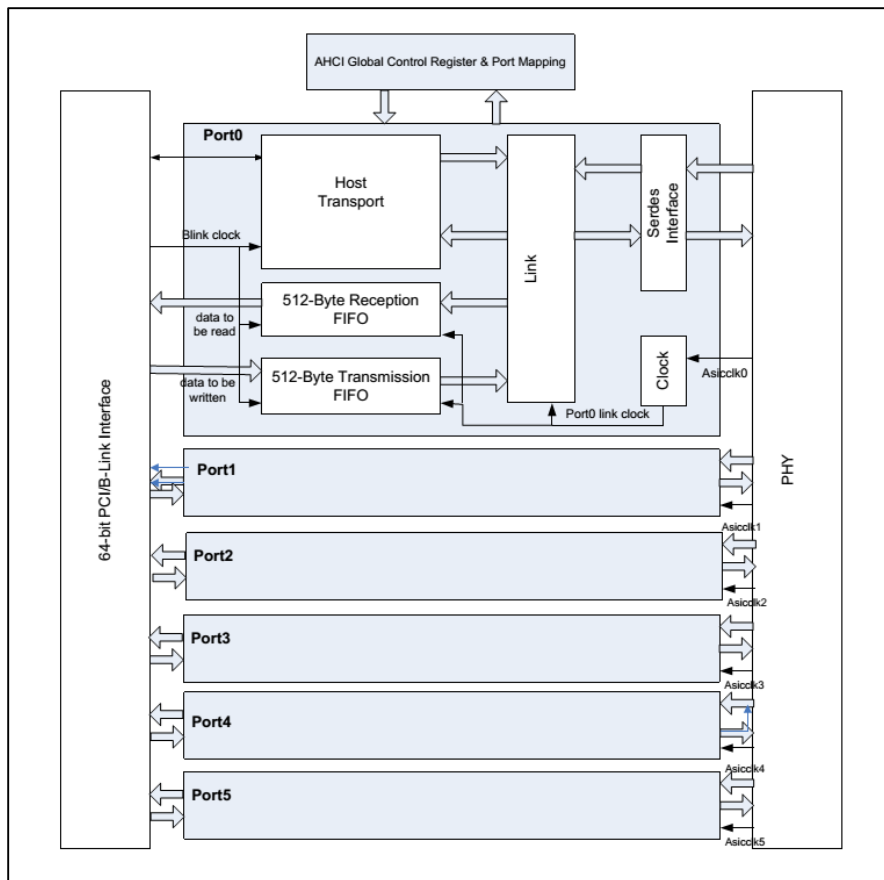
3.3.4 Serial ATA (SATA) Controller

The integrated Serial ATA controller processes host commands and transfers data between the host and Serial ATA devices. It supports six independent Serial ATA channels. Each channel has its own Serial ATA bus and supports one Serial ATA device. With respect to the transfer rate, the integrated SATA controller supports First generation (1.5 Gbps), Second generation (3 Gbps), and Third generation (6 Gbps) SATA ports. Refer to **Figure 3** for FCH SATA block structure.

The SATA controller can operate in three modes:

- All six channels are configured as SATA AHCI mode.
- All six channels are configured as IDE mode. In this configuration, the SATA controller is configured into two IDE controllers, with the programming interface of channel 0 to 3 under the first IDE controller, and that of channel 4 and 5 under the second IDE controller.
- Four channels (channel 0 to 3) are configured as SATA AHCI and two channels (channel 4 and 5) are configured as IDE mode. In this configuration, the programming interface of channel 4 and 5 are under the IDE controller.

Figure 3 – Block Diagram for the SATA Module



3.3.4.1 AHCI

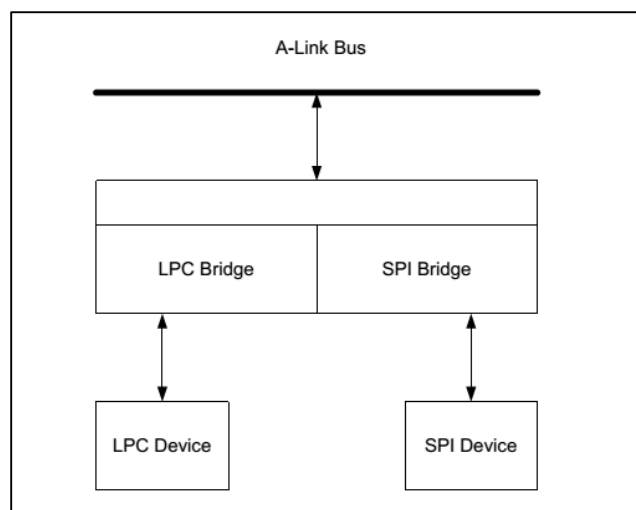
The FCH provides hardware support for Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI), a standardized programming interface for SATA host controllers. Platforms supporting AHCI may take advantage of performance features such as no master/slave designation for SATA devices—each device is treated as a master—and hardware assisted native command queuing. AHCI also provides usability enhancements such as Hot-Plug. AHCI requires appropriate software support (such as, an AHCI driver) and for some features, hardware support in the SATA device or additional platform hardware.

3.3.5 Low Pin Count (LPC) Bridge

The Low Pin Count (LPC) bus interface is a cost-efficient, low-speed interface designed to support low-speed legacy (ISA, X-bus) devices. The LPC interface essentially eliminates the need of ISA and X-bus in the system. A typical setup of the system with LPC interface is shown in **Figure 4**. Here the ISA bus is internal to FCH and is used for connecting to the legacy Direct Memory Access (DMA) logic. The LPC host controller is typically integrated into the FCH. It connects to the internal A-Link bus on one side and the LPC and Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) buses on the other side.

The ISA interface is only used for legacy DMA operation.

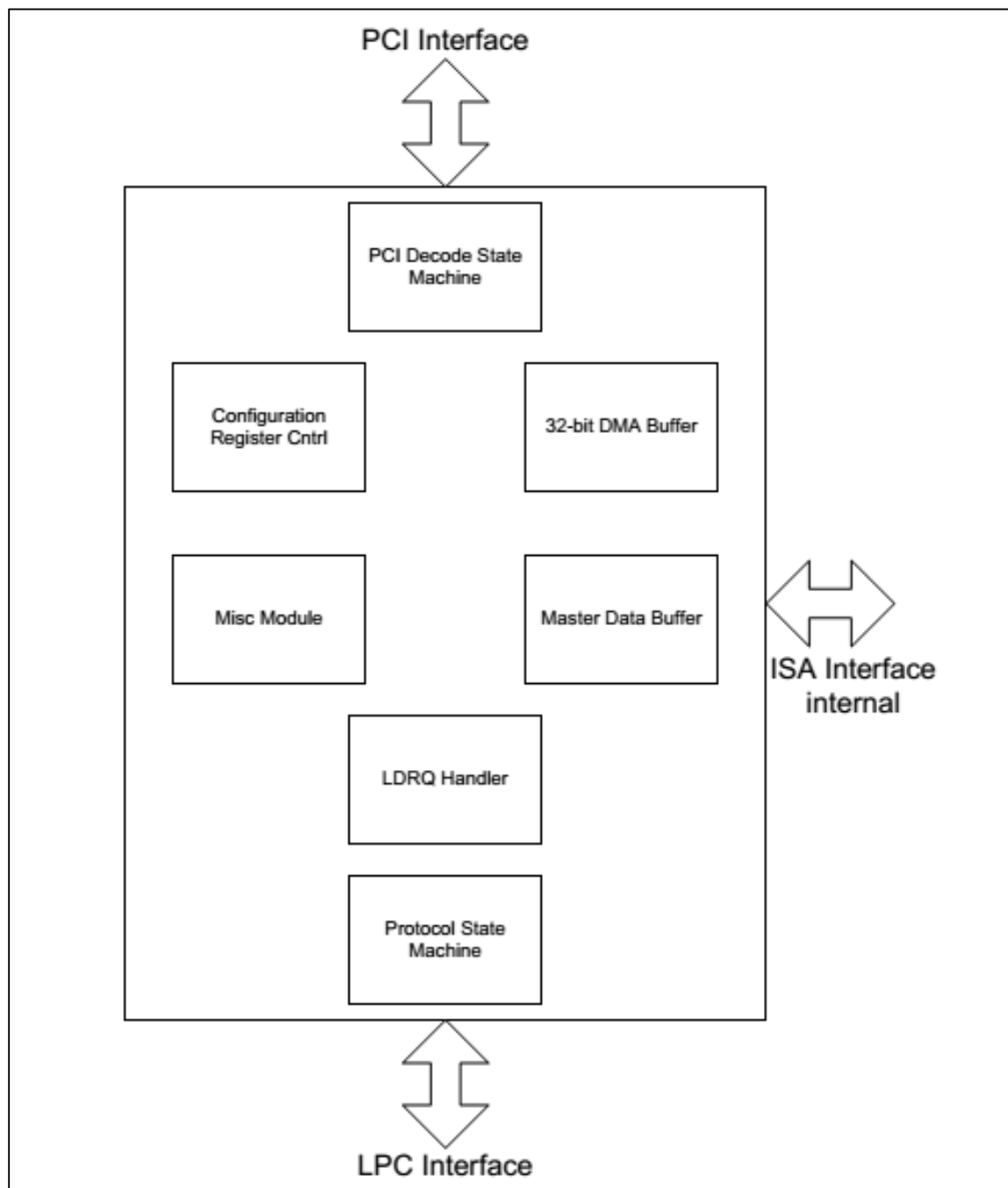
Figure 4 – Typical LPC Bus System



Examples of LPC devices include Super I/O (disk controller, keyboard controller), BIOS RAM, audio, Trusted Platform Module (TPM), and system management controller. A BIOS ROM can also be populated on the SPI interface. The Hudson-E1 FCH can support an LPC or SPI type BIOS ROM.

LPC host controller has the A-Link bus on one side and the LPC bus on the other. The host controller supports memory and I/O read/write, DMA read/write, and bus master memory I/O read/write. It supports up to two bus masters and seven DMA channels.

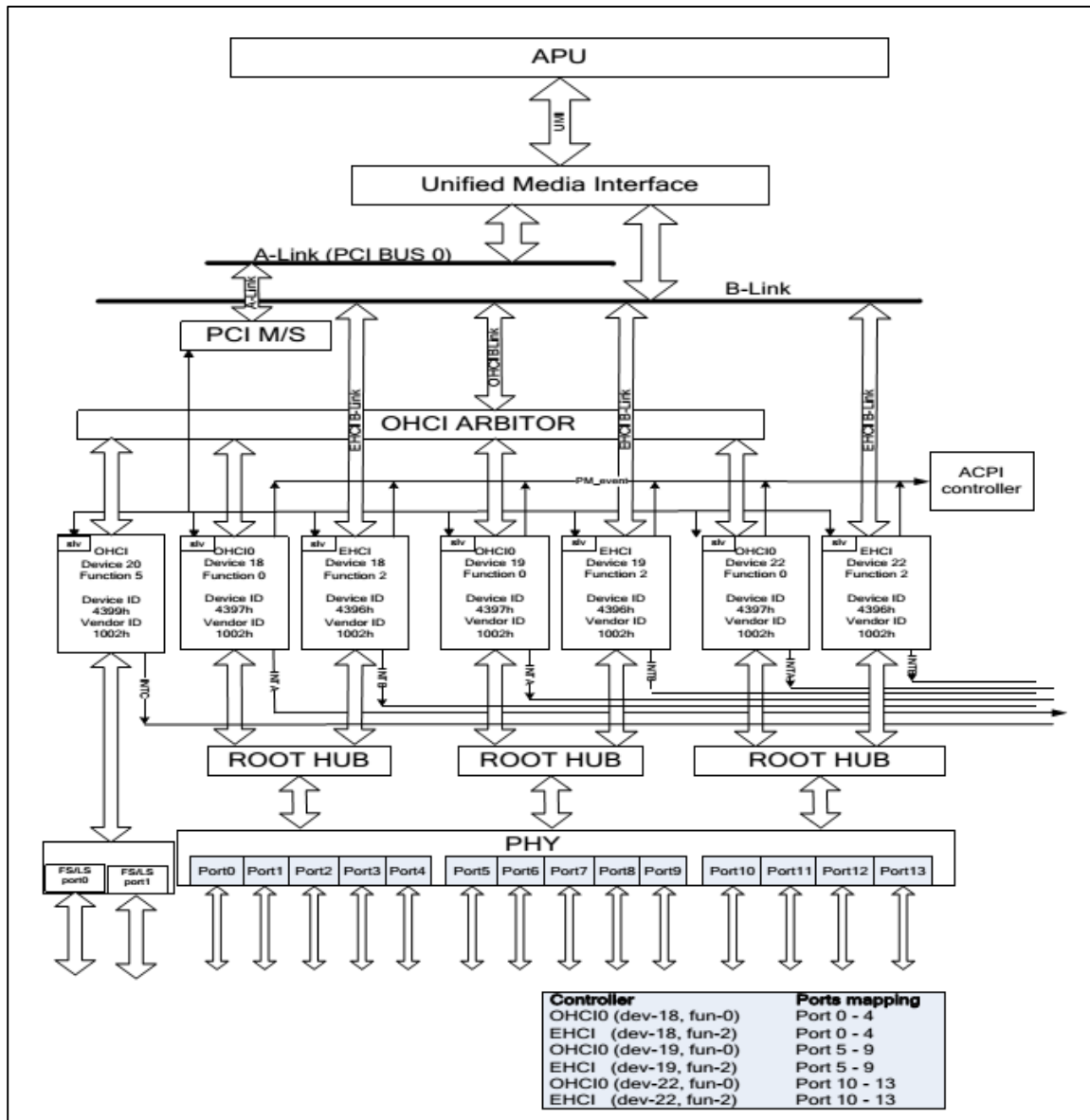
Figure 5 – Block Diagram of LPC Module



3.3.6 Universal Serial Bus (USB) Controllers

The FCH contains 4 OHCI and 3 EHCI host controllers to support 14 USB 2.0 ports that support USB high-speed signaling and 2 dedicated USB 1.1 ports. High-speed USB 2.0 allows data transfers up to 480 Mbps. Supports ACPI S1 ~ S4, USB keyboard/mouse functionality for legacy Operating Systems, USB debug port and individual port disable capability.

Figure 6 – USB Controllers Block Diagram

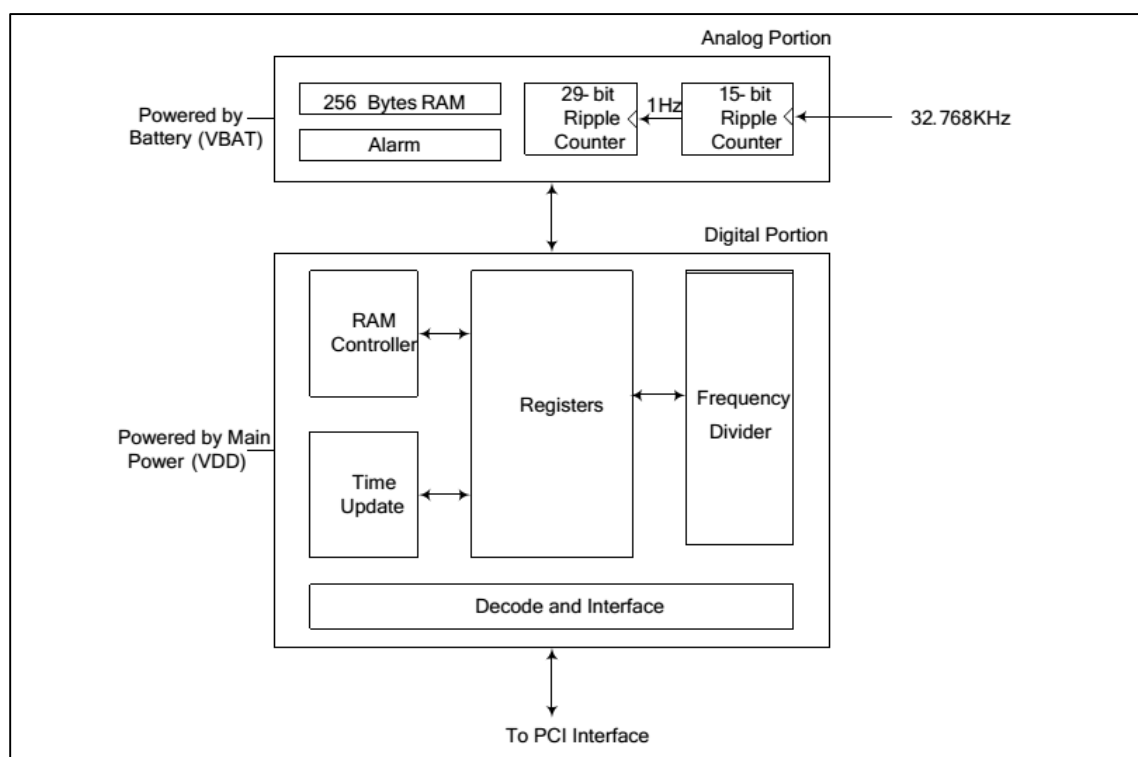


3.3.7 RTC

The Real Time Clock (RTC) updates the computer's time and generates interrupts for periodic events and pre-set alarm. The RTC also makes hardware leap year corrections. The FCH's RTC includes a 256-byte CMOS RAM, which is used to store the configuration of a computer such as the number and type of disk drive, graphics adapter, base memory, checksum value, etc.

The internal RTC is made of two parts—one part is an analog circuit, powered by a battery VBAT, and the other is a digital circuit, powered by a main power VDD. **Figure 7** shows the block diagram of the internal RTC. The FCH has added hardware-based daylight saving feature and makes adjustments (spring forward or fall back) at the designated dates/times. Both the date and hour for the daylight and standard time are fully programmable, allowing for different daylight saving dates and hours for different parts of the world.

Figure 7 – RTC Block Diagram



3.3.8 GPIO

Various general purpose inputs and outputs are provided for custom system design. Refer to section 6.3.

3.3.9 System Management Bus (SMBus)

The FCH contains SMBus Host interface that allows the processor to communicate with SMBus slaves. This interface is compatible with most I2C devices.

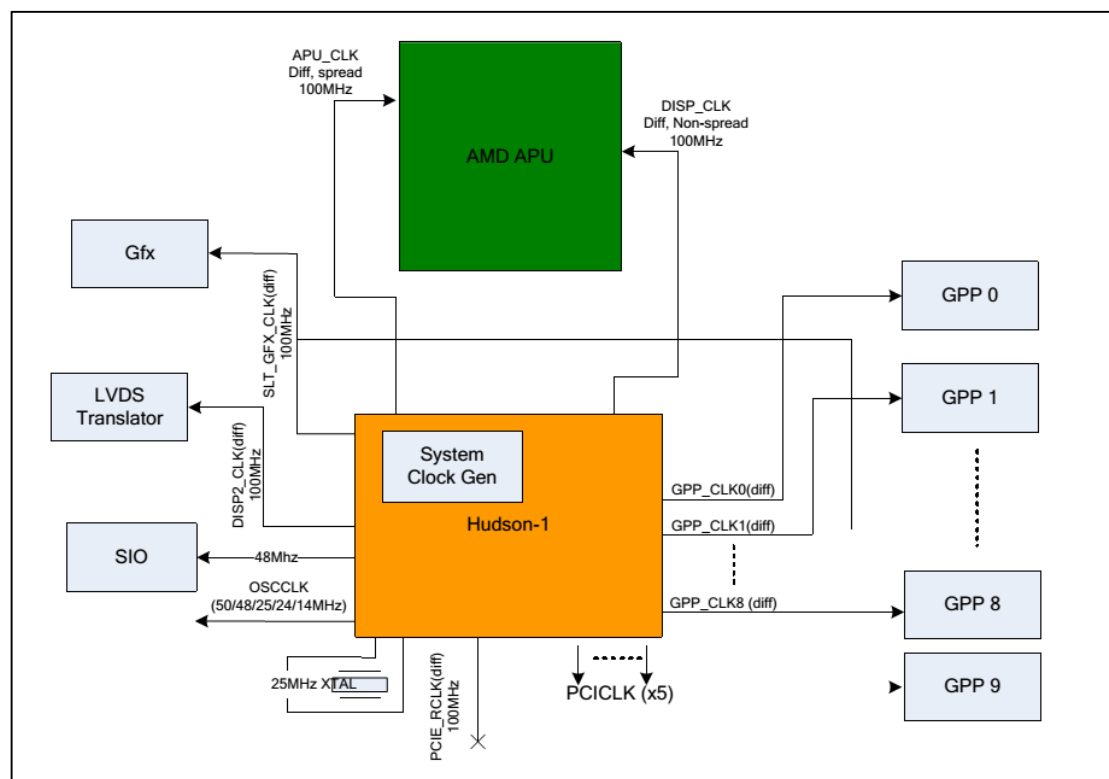
3.3.10 High Definition Audio Controller

The High Definition (HD) Audio Controller communicates with the external HD Audio codec over the HD Audio Link. The FCH HD Audio Controller consists of four independent output DMA engines and four independent input DMA engines that are used to move data between system memory and the external codec. The controller can support up to four audio or modem codec in any combinations.

3.3.11 Integrated Clock Controller

The FCH Hudson-E1 has an integrated system clock generator that can be used to generate the required system clocks, thus eliminating the need for an external clock generator. However, it does support a mode of operation that allows an external clock generator to be used in the system. The clock generator mode is selected by a power-on configuration strap. A simplified block diagram of the clock distribution for the integrated clock mode is shown in **Figure 8**.

Figure 8 – System Clock Generation



If FCH is in external clock mode, the clock sources it requires are a 25MHz crystal as internal PLL clock source, a 32-KHz crystal for the RTC, and a 100MHz differential clock pair for the PCIe reference clocks. In addition to the PCIe clocks, the chipset also uses the 100-MHz clock to generate various internal clocks. If Hudson-E1 is set to integrated clock mode, only a 25MHz crystal for master reference and a 32-KHz crystal for the RTC are required. Hudson-E1 will then generate all the system clocks needed, which include the APU reference clocks, the graphics clocks, the 25MHz clock for SATA, the 48MHz clocks for USB, and so on.

3.4 System Memory

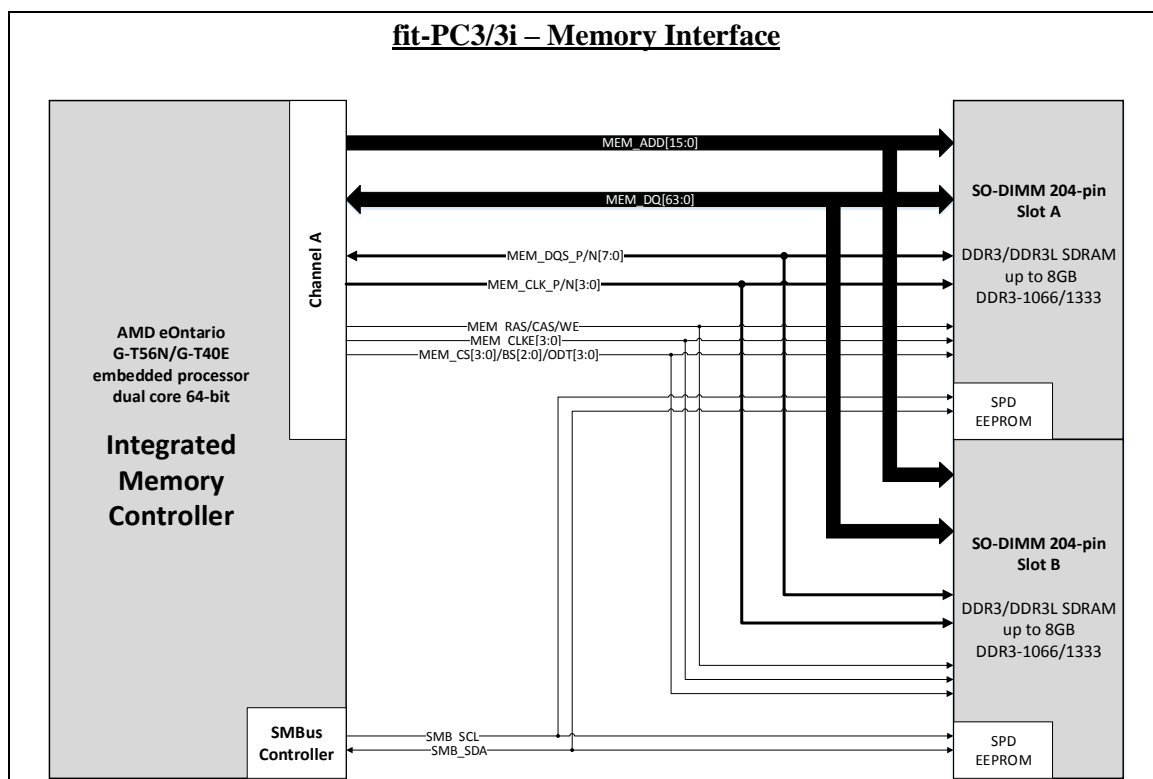
3.4.1 Processor Integrated Memory Controller

Processor's Integrated Memory Controller (IMC) supports DDR3 and DDR3L protocols with single 64-bit wide channel, accessing one or two DIMMs. The IMC supports one or two, unbuffered non-ECC DDR3/DDR3L 204-pin SO-DIMMs.

G-T56N supports both DDR3/DDR3L-1066 and DDR3/DDR3L-1333 memories speeds.

G-T40E supports up to DDR3/DDR3L-1066 memories speeds.

Figure 9 – Memory Interface



Fit-PC3/3i system architecture provides support for 1.5V (DDR3) and 1.35V (DDR3L) power supplied SO-DIMMs. The adjustment of power rail for the memories and Memory Host Controller IOs is performed automatically without user or BIOS intervention. During boot SMBus Host Controller reads serial presence-detect (SPD) EEPROM on each SO-DIMM and adjust the voltage according to memory type. In case DDR3/DDR3L mixed memory modules are placed, the BUCK regulator will generate 1.5V output voltage, which may cause undesired behavior or permanent damage of the modules, unless DDR3L memory is tolerant to such voltages.

Note: It is important to keep both slots populated with the same memory technology.

3.4.2 System Supported Memory

- DDR3 SDRAM memory with unbuffered SO-DIMM 204-pin modules
- Up to 16GB (2x 8GB) DDR3/DDR3L-1066/1333
- Supports up to two dual-rank SO-DIMMs
- Non-ECC, Unbuffered DDR3 SO-DIMMs only
- System Memory Interface I/O Voltage of 1.5V and 1.35V
- DDR3 SDRAM SO-DIMMs running at 1.5 V and 1.35V
- Single 64-bit wide channel
- Theoretical maximum memory bandwidth of:
 - 8.53 GB/s assuming DDR3 SDRAM 1066 MT/s
 - 10.65 GB/s assuming DDR3 SDRAM 1333 MT/s
- 1Gb, 2Gb, and 4Gb DDR3 SDRAM device technologies are supported
 - Standard 1-Gb, 2-Gb, and 4-Gb technologies and addressing are supported for x16 and x8 devices. There is no support for memory modules with different technologies or capacities on opposite sides of the same memory module. If one side of a memory module is populated, the other side is either identical or empty.
- On-Die Termination (ODT)

Table 10 – Supported Memory Technologies

Raw Card Version	DIMM Capacity	DRAM Device Technology	DRAM Organization	# of DRAM Devices	# of Physical Device Ranks	# of Row/Col Address Bits	# of Banks Inside DRAM	Page Size
A	2 GB	2 Gb	128 M x 16	8	2	14/10	8	8K
	4 GB	4 Gb	256 M x 16	8	2	15/10	8	8K
B	1 GB	1 Gb	128 M x 8	8	1	14/10	8	8K
	2 GB	2 Gb	256 M x 8	8	1	15/10	8	8K
	4 GB	4 Gb	512 M x 8	8	1	16/10	8	8K
C	1 GB	2 Gb	128 M x 16	4	1	14/10	8	8K
	2 GB	4 Gb	256 M x 16	4	1	15/10	8	8K
F	2 GB	1 Gb	128 M x 8	16	2	14/10	8	8K
	4 GB	2 Gb	256 M x 8	16	2	15/10	8	8K
	8 GB	4 Gb	512 M x 8	16	2	16/ 10	8	8K

Table 11 – Supported Max Memory Size per SO-DIMM

Platform	Package	Memory	Max Size per DIMM [GB]
Mobile	rPGA	SODIMM RC A	4
		SODIMM RC B	4
		SODIMM RC C	2
		SODIMM RC F	8

3.4.3 System Memory Timing Support

The IMC supports the following Speed Bins, CAS Write Latency (CWL), and command signal mode timings on the main memory interface:

- tCL = CAS Latency
- tRCD = Activate Command to READ or WRITE Command delay
- tRP = PRECHARGE Command Period
- CWL = CAS Write Latency
- Command Signal modes = 1N indicates a new command may be issued every clock and 2N indicates a new command may be issued every 2 clocks. Command launch mode programming depends on the transfer rate and memory configuration.

Table 12 – DDR3 System Memory Timing Support

Segment	Transfer Rate (MT/s)	tCL (tCK)	tRCD (tCK)	tRP (tCK)	CWL (tCK)	DPC	CMD Mode
Dual Core Standard Voltage (SV)	1066	7	7	7	6	1	1N/2N
		8	8	8	6	1	1N/2N
	1333	9	9	9	7	1	1N/2N

3.4.4 System Memory Organization Modes

The IMC supports single-channel organization mode only.

3.4.5 Rules for Populating Memory Slots

The frequency and latency timings of the system memory is the lowest supported frequency and slowest supported latency timings of all memory SO-DIMM modules placed in the system.

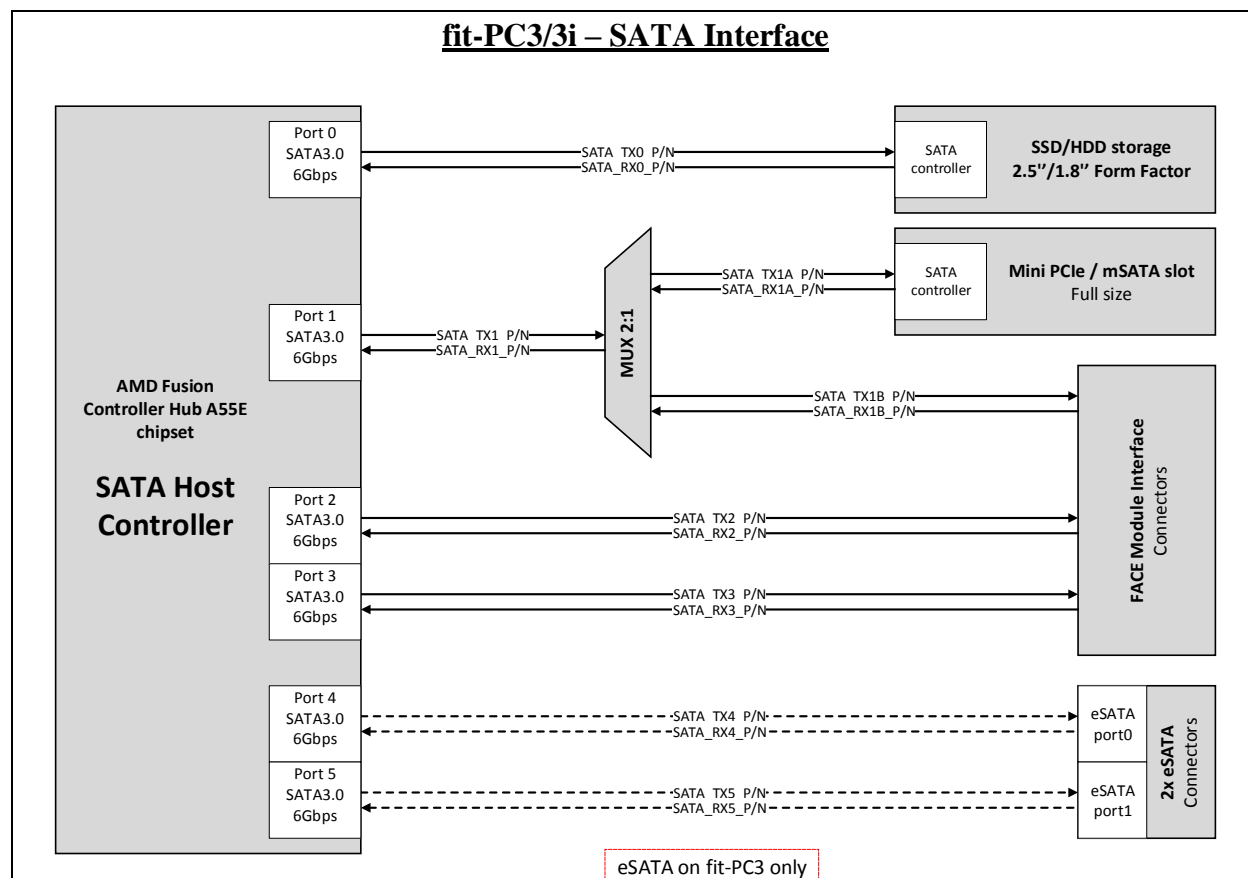
3.5 Storage

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i supports various types of storage devices due to advanced FCH SATA Host Controller capabilities and I/O availability, described in section 3.3.4. Supported devices include HDD and SSD storage devices in 2.5" form factor. HDD limited to 5400rpm only due to power dissipation reasons. mSATA NAND Flash solid state drive modules supported as well and share mini PCIe full size slot. For detailed system architecture refer to section 6.1 .

In addition, fit-PC3 offers two eSATA connectors, available on the back panel which allow connection of external storage drives. eSATA connectivity provide signaling only, when power to the external drives must be supplied externally.

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i, SATA system diagram is show in **Figure 10 – SATA Interface**.

Figure 10 – SATA Interface



3.5.1 Certified storage devices

3.5.1.1 HDD examples

Table 13 – WD Scorpio Blue HDD series

Specifications	1 TB	1 TB	750 GB	750 GB	500 GB
Model number	WD10SPCX	WD10JPVX WD10JPVT	WD7500LPCX	WD7500BPVX WD7500BPVT	WD5000LPVX WD5000LPVT
Interface	SATA 6 Gb/s	SATA 6 Gb/s (JPVX) SATA 3 Gb/s (JPVT)	SATA 6 Gb/s	SATA 6 Gb/s (BPVX) SATA 3 Gb/s (BPVT)	SATA 6 Gb/s (LPVX) SATA 3 Gb/s (LPVT)
Formatted capacity ¹	1,000,204 MB	1,000,204 MB	750,156 MB	750,156 MB	500,107 MB
User sectors per drive	1,953,525,168	1,953,525,168	1,465,149,168	1,465,149,168	976,773,168
Advanced Format (AF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Form factor	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch
RoHS compliant ²	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Performance					
Data transfer rates					
Interface speed	6 Gb/s	6 Gb/s (JPVX) 3 Gb/s (JPVT)	6 Gb/s	6 Gb/s (BPVX) 3 Gb/s (BPVT)	6 Gb/s (LPVX) 3 Gb/s (LPVT)
Internal transfer rate (max)	140 MB/s	144 MB/s	140 MB/s	138 MB/s	147 MB/s
Cache (MB)	16	8	16	8	8
Average latency (ms)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Rotational speed (RPM)	5400	5400	5400	5400	5400
Average drive ready time (sec)	2.8	3.0 (JPVX) / <3.5 (JPVT)	2.8	3.0 (BPVX) / 4.0 (BPVT)	2.8 (LPVX) / <3.5 (LPVT)
Reliability/Data Integrity					
Load/unload cycles ³	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000
Non-recoverable read errors per bits read	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴
Limited warranty (years) ⁴	2	2	2	2	2
Power Management					
5VDC ±10% (A, peak)	1.00	1.00 (JPVX) / 0.900 (JPVT)	1.00	1.00 (BPVX) / 0.975 (BPVT)	1.00 (LPVX) / 0.900 (LPVT)
Average power requirements (W)					
Read/Write	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.4
Idle	0.57	0.59	0.57	0.65	0.55
Standby/Sleep	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.13
Environmental Specifications⁵					
Temperature (°C)					
Operating	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60
Non-operating	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65
Shock (Gs)					
Operating (2 ms, read)	350	400	350	350	400
Non-operating	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)
Acoustics (dBA) ⁶					
Idle	20	24	20	24	17
Seek (average)	21	25	21	25	22
Physical Dimensions					
Height (in./mm, max)	0.28/7.0	0.374/9.50	0.28/7.0	0.374/9.50	0.28/7.0
Length (in./mm, max)	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20
Width (in./mm, ± .01 in.)	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85
Weight (lb./kg, ± 10%)	0.21/0.09	0.27/0.12	0.21/0.09	0.34/0.15	0.20/0.09

Table 14 – WD Scorpio Blue HDD series (cont.)

Specifications	500 GB	500 GB	320 GB	320 GB	250 GB	250 GB
Model number	WD5000MPCK	WD5000BPVT	WD3200LPVX WD3200LPVT	WD3200BPVT	WD2500LPVX WD2500LPVT	WD2500BPVT
Interface	SATA 6 Gb/s	SATA 3 Gb/s	SATA 6 Gb/s (LPVX) SATA 3 Gb/s (LPVT)	SATA 3 Gb/s	SATA 6 Gb/s (LPVX) SATA 3 Gb/s (LPVT)	SATA 3 Gb/s
Formatted capacity ¹	500,107 MB	500,107 MB	320,072 MB	320,072 MB	250,059 MB	250,059 MB
User sectors per drive	976,773,168	976,773,168	625,142,448	625,142,448	488,397,168	488,397,168
Advanced Format (AF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Form factor	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch	2.5-inch
RoHS compliant ²	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Performance						
Data transfer rates						
Interface speed	6 Gb/s	3 Gb/s	6 Gb/s (LPVX) 3 Gb/s (LPVT)	3 Gb/s	6 Gb/s (LPVX) 3 Gb/s (LPVT)	3 Gb/s
Internal transfer rate (max)	145 MB/s	136 MB/s	147 MB/s (LPVX) 109 MB/s (LPVT)	116 MB/s	147 MB/s (LPVX) 109 MB/s (LPVT)	116 MB/s
Cache (MB)	16	8	8	8	8	8
Average latency (ms)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Rotational speed (RPM)	5400	5400	5400	5400	5400	5400
Average drive ready time (sec)	2.8	4.0	2.8 (LPVX) / <3.5 (LPVT)	4.0	2.8 (LPVX) / <3.5 (LPVT)	4.0
Reliability/Data Integrity						
Load/unload cycles ³	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000
Non-recoverable read errors per bits read	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴	<1 in 10 ¹⁴
Limited warranty (years) ⁴	2	2	2	2	2	2
Power Management						
5VDC ±10% (A, peak)	0.900	0.950	1.00 (LPVX) / 0.900 (LPVT)	1.00	1.00 (LPVX) / 0.900 (LPVT)	1.00
Average power requirements (W)						
Read/Write	1.5	1.6	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5
Idle	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.85	0.55	0.85
Standby/Sleep	0.15	0.20	0.13	0.20	0.13	0.20
Environmental Specifications⁵						
Temperature (°C)						
Operating	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60	0 to 60
Non-operating	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65	-40 to 65
Shock (Gs)						
Operating (2 ms, read)	400	350	400	350	400	350
Non-operating	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)	1000 (2 ms)
Acoustics (dBA) ⁶						
Idle	15	22	17	22	17	22
Seek (average)	17	25	22	25	22	25
Physical Dimensions						
Height (in./mm, max)	0.20/5.0	0.374/9.50	0.28/7.0	0.374/9.50	0.28/7.0	0.374/9.50
Length (in./mm, max)	3.95/100.30	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20	3.94/100.20
Width (in./mm, ±.01 in.)	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85	2.75/69.85
Weight (lb./kg, ± 10%)	0.16/0.07	0.22/0.10	0.20/0.09	0.22/0.10	0.20/0.09	0.22/0.10

Table 15 – Hitachi CinemaStar C5K750 HDD models

Model(s)		HCC547575A9E380 HCC547564A9E380 HCC547550A9E380
Configuration		
Interface		SATA 3Gb/s
Capacity (GB) ¹		750 / 640 / 500
Sector size (bytes) ²		512e
Recording zones		24
Max. areal density (Gbits/sq. in.)		492
Performance		
Data buffer (MB) ³		8
Rotational speed (RPM)		5400
Latency average (ms)		5.5
Media transfer rate (Mbits/sec, max.)		996
Interface transfer rate (MB/sec, max.)		300
Seek time, read (ms, typical) ⁴		15
Reliability		
Load/unload cycles		600,000
Power on Hours (POH) per month		730
Availability ⁵ (hrs/day x days/wk)		24x7
Power		
Requirement		+5 VDC (+/-5%)
Startup (W, peak, max.)		3.5
Operating ⁶ (W, avg.)		1.5
Low power idle (W, avg.)		0.5
Physical size		
z-height (mm)		9.5
Dimensions (width x depth, mm)		70 x 100
Weight (g, typical)		102
Environmental (operating)		
Shock (half-sine wave)		400G (2ms), 225G (1ms)
Operating temperature ⁷		0° to 70° C
Environmental (non-operating)		
Shock (half-sine wave)		1000G (1ms)
Ambient temperature		-40° to 65° C
Acoustics (A-weighted sound power)		
Idle (Bels, typical)		2.4
Seek (Bels, typical)		2.5

Table 16 – Seagate Momentus HDD series

Seagate® Momentus® 2.5" Internal Drive

Instant Add-on Storage

Interface SATA

Capacities 250GB, 320GB, 500GB, 640GB, 750GB

Momentus LP Drive – Energy Efficient, High Capacity Storage

Engineered specifically for low-power applications, the Momentus LP internal drive has a 5400RPM spindle speed and a 8MB cache to provide energy-efficient performance at whisper-quiet acoustic levels. With reduced power consumption and heat generation, this drive will reduce power costs up to 50% over the life of the system compared to standard drives. It is optimized for standard laptops and small form factor PCs.

- 5400RPM
- 8MB cache
- SATA 3Gb/s interface with Native Command Queueing
- QuietStep™ technology enables ultra-quiet load/unload acoustics
- Perpendicular recording technology increases performance and reliability

3.5.1.2 mSATA SSD examples

Table 17 – Micron mSATA NAND Flash SSD

	M500 mSATA NAND Flash SSD Features
<h2>M500 mSATA NAND Flash SSD</h2>	
MTFDDAT120MAV, MTFDDAT240MAV, MTFDDAT480MAV	
Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reliability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – MTTF: 1.2 million device hours³ – Static and dynamic wear leveling – Uncorrectable bit error rate (UBER): <1 sector per 10¹⁵ bits read • Low power consumption <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 150mW TYP⁴ • Endurance: Total bytes written (TBW) – 72TB • Capacity⁵ (unformatted): 120GB, 240GB, 480GB • Mechanical <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – mSATA connector: 3.3V ±5% – Caseless design: 50.80mm x 29.85mm x 3.75mm – Weight: 10g (MAX) • Secure firmware update with digitally signed firmware image • Operating temperature <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Commercial (0°C to +70°C)⁶
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Micron® 20nm MLC NAND Flash • RoHS-compliant package • SATA 6 Gb/s interface • TCG/Opal 2.0-compliant self-encrypting drive (SED) • Hardware-based AES-256 encryption engine • ATA modes supported <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – PIO mode 3, 4 – Multiword DMA mode 0, 1, 2 – Ultra DMA mode 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 • Industry-standard, 512-byte sector size support • Device Sleep (DEVSLEEP), extreme low power mode • Native command queuing support with 32-command slot support • ATA-8 ACS2 command set compliant • ATA security feature command set and password login support • Secure erase (data page) command set: fast and secure erase • Sanitize device feature set support • Self-monitoring, analysis, and reporting technology (SMART) command set • Windows 8 drive telemetry • Adaptive thermal monitoring • Performance^{1, 2} <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – PCMark® Vantage (HDD test suite score): up to 80,000 – Sequential 128KB READ: up to 500 MB/s – Sequential 128KB WRITE: up to 400 MB/s – Random 4KB READ: up to 80,000 IOPS – Random 4KB WRITE: up to 80,000 IOPS – READ/WRITE latency: 5ms/25ms (MAX) 	<p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Typical I/O performance numbers as measured fresh-out-of-box (FOB) using Iometer with a queue depth of 32 and write cache enabled. 2. 4KB transfers used for READ/WRITE latency values. 3. The product achieves a mean time to failure (MTTF) based on population statistics not relevant to individual units. 4. Active average power measured during execution of MobileMark® with DIPM (device-initiated power management) enabled. 5. 1GB = 1 billion bytes; formatted capacity is less. 6. Drive on-board sensor temperature.
<p>Warranty: Contact your Micron sales representative for further information regarding the product, including product warranties.</p>	

Table 18 – ACPI CMS2G-M SSD

Specification	
Model Name	CMS2G-M
Interface	SATA III 6Gb/s compatible
NAND Flash Type	MLC
Connector Type	miniPCle mSATA
External DRAM Buffer	Yes
Capacity	32GB~256GB
Sequential R/W (128KB, Typ.)	Max 530/330 MB/s
Random R/W (4KB, Typ.)	Max 94K/75K IOPS
Temperature	Operating Temp.: 0°C~+70°C Storage Temp.: -40°C~+90°C
TRIM	Support
S.M.A.R.T. (Health Monitor)	Support
Security Tool	-
MTBF	> 1.2 million hours
Vibration (Operating)	20G Peak, 7~2000Hz
Shock	1500G, 0.5ms
Dimension (LxWxH)	50.8*29.85*3.7mm
Weight	8 gram
Warranty	3 Year

4 Peripherals

4.1 USB3.0 Host Controller

Fit-PC3/3i system architecture features USB3.0 connectivity via dedicated Host Controller from Texas Instruments. TUSB7320 is a USB 3.0 xHCI compliant host controller that supports up to four downstream ports. The TUSB7320 interfaces to the host system via a PCIe x1 Gen 2 interface and provides Super Speed, high-speed, full-speed, or low-speed connections on the downstream USB ports.

The TUSB7320 target applications such as desktop and mobile computers, workstations, servers, Add-In Cards and Express Cards implementations and PCI Express based embedded applications.

- **Main Features**
 - USB 3.0 Compliant xHCI Host Controller
 - PCIe x1 Gen2 interface
 - Two downstream ports (USB3.0 and USB2.0 combined)
 - Requires no external flash for default configuration
 - Optional serial EEPROM for custom configuration
 - Internal Spread Spectrum generation
 - Adaptive receiver equalizer
- **Each Downstream Port**
 - May be independently enabled or disabled
 - Has adjustments for transmit swing, De-Emphasis, and Equalization settings
 - May be marked as Removable/Non-Removable
 - Has independent power control and overcurrent detection

4.2 Network

The following section provides information about fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i main network components and features.

4.2.1 Realtek RTL8111F GbE Controller

Fit-PC3 system architecture incorporates single LAN and fit-PC3i incorporate dual LAN1 and LAN2 implemented with Realtek RTL8111F Gigabit Ethernet Controller. RTL8111F combines a triple-speed IEEE 802.3 compliant Media Access Controller (MAC) with a triple-speed Ethernet transceiver, PCI Express bus controller, and embedded memory. With state-of-the-art DSP technology and mixed-mode signal technology, the RTL8111F offers high-speed transmission over CAT 5 UTP cable.

The RTL8111F supports PCI Express 1.1 bus interface for host communications with power management, and is compliant with the IEEE 802.3u specification for 10/100Mbps Ethernet and the IEEE 802.3ab specification for 1000Mbps Ethernet. It also supports an auxiliary power auto-detect function, and will auto-configure related bits of the PCI power management registers in PCI configuration space. The RTL8111F features embedded One-Time-Programmable (OTP) memory to replace the external EEPROM.

Advanced Configuration Power management Interface (ACPI) – power management for modern operating systems that are capable of Operating System-directed Power Management (OSPM) – is supported to achieve the most efficient power management possible. In addition to the ACPI feature, remote Wake on LAN is supported in both ACPI and APM (Advanced Power Management) environments.

The RTL8111F is suitable for multiple market segments and emerging applications, such as desktop, mobile, workstation, server, communications platforms and embedded applications.

4.2.1.1 Realtek RTL8111F Features

Realtek RTL8111F Gigabit Ethernet controller main features show below:

- Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver
- Auto-Negotiation with Next Page capability
- Supports PCI Express 1.1
- Supports pair swap/polarity/skew correction
- Crossover Detection & Auto-Correction
- Wake-on-LAN and remote wake-up support
- Supports Full Duplex flow control (IEEE 802.3x)
- Supports jumbo frame to 9K bytes
- Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab
- Supports IEEE 802.1P Layer 2 Priority Encoding
- Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- Supports IEEE 802.3az-2010 (EEE)
- Embedded OTP memory can replace the external EEPROM
- Supports power down/link down power saving/PHY disable mode

- Built-in switching regulator
- Supports Customized LEDs
- Supports 1-Lane 2.5Gbps PCI Express Bus
- Supports hardware ECC (Error Correction Code) function
- Supports hardware CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) function

4.2.1.2 LAN Ports LEDs notifications

LAN ports LEDs status notifications shown in the table below:

Table 19 – LAN ports LEDs status notification

LED color	Mode	Function
Yellow	Blink	Activity
Green	On	10/100/1000 Mbps

4.3 Wireless Networks

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i current official WLAN + Bluetooth module is Qcom's Q802XRN5B, in a mini PCIe half size form factor. The Q802XRN5B is highly integrated 2.4GHz single band IEEE 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth 3.0, in a single Realtek RTL8723AE chip with a single PCI-E interface. The integration enhances coordination between 802.11 and Bluetooth, with dynamic power control reducing power consumption, and packet traffic arbitration offering coexistence performance unattainable by two chip solutions.

Note: Any other mini PCIe half size RF module can be installed and with relevant driver package can provide wireless infrastructure for the system. Q802XRN5B module uses single PCIe as Host interface for both WLAN and BT communication.

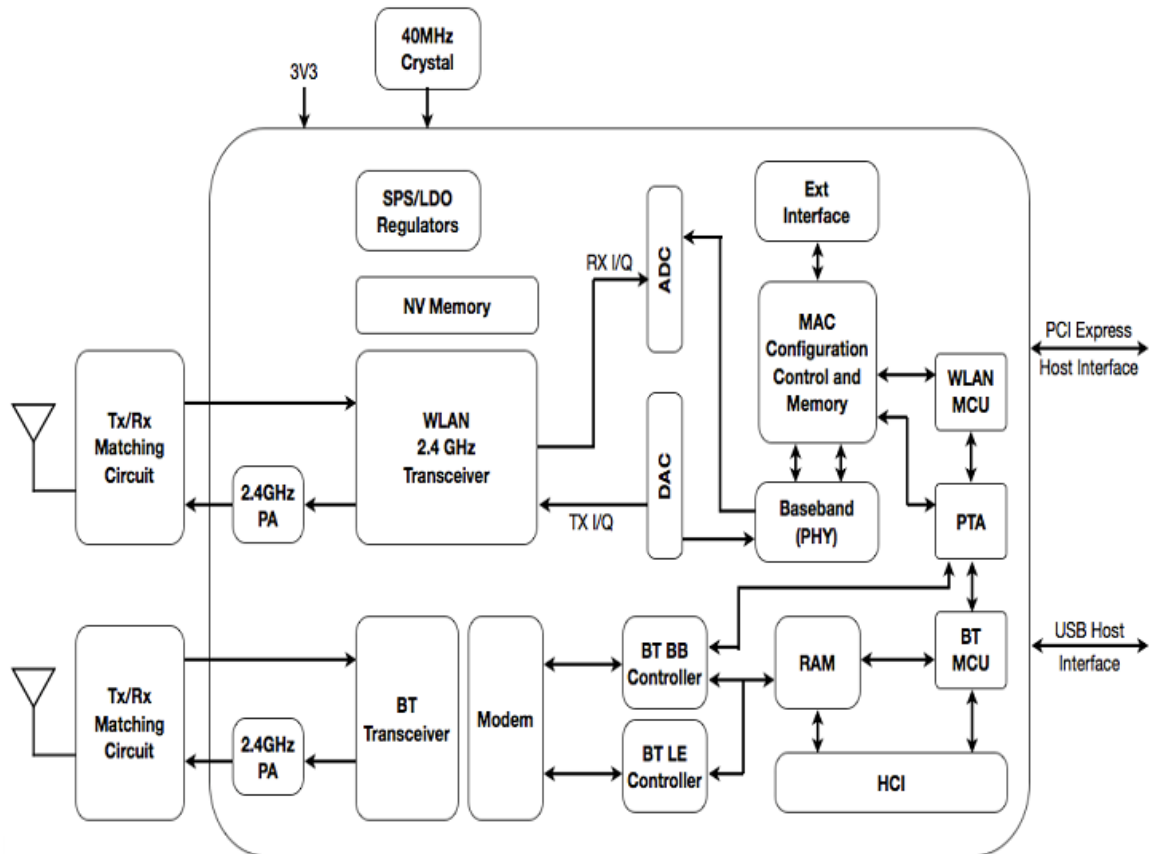
Modules with 2 Host interfaces can be used as well, when PCI Express Host interface used for communication with WLAN part of a baseband chip and USB Host interface used for communication with BT part of a baseband chip.

4.4 Wireless Module Features

- Realtek RTL8723AE WLAN + BT
- One Transmit and one Receive path (1T1R)
- 20MHz and 40MHz bandwidth transmission
- Compatible with 802.11n specification
- 802.11i (WPA, WPA2). Open, shared key, and pair-wise key authentication services
- IEEE 802.11b/g/n compatible WLAN
- IEEE 802.11e QoS Enhancement (WMM)
- IEEE 802.11h TPC, Spectrum Measurement
- Short Guard Interval (400ns)
- DSSS with DBPSK and DQPSK, CCK modulation with long and short preamble
- Bluetooth 3.0+HS/2.1+EDR Compliant
- Bluetooth Low Energy supported

- Enhanced BT/WIFI Coexistence Control to improve transmission quality in different profiles

Figure 11 – Wireless Module Q802XRN5B Block Diagram



4.4.1 WLAN

Table 20 – WLAN Channel Assignment

Channel	Frequency	FCC (US)	IC (CA)	ETSI (EU)	Japan (JP)
1	2412MHz	V	V	V	V
2	2417MHz	V	V	V	V
3	2422MHz	V	V	V	V
4	2427MHz	V	V	V	V
5	2432MHz	V	V	V	V
6	2437MHz	V	V	V	V
7	2442MHz	V	V	V	V
8	2447MHz	V	V	V	V
9	2452MHz	V	V	V	V
10	2457MHz	V	V	V	V
11	2462MHz	V	V	V	V
12	2467MHz			V	V
13	2472MHz			V	V
14	2484MHz				V

KEY: US = United States, CA = Canada, EU = European Countries (except France and Spain)

JP = Japan. Many countries and region are currently revising the channel assignment.

V = Supported

4.4.2 Bluetooth

Table 21 – BT Channel Assignment

Channel	Frequency	RF Channel
Europe & USA	2400~2483.5 MHz	Freq.=2402+k MHz k=0~78
Japan	2400~2483.5 MHz	Freq.=2402+k MHz k=0~78

Most Europe area except Spain and France.

4.4.3 Security

- Complete Security Features- WEP64/128, WPA, WPA2, 802.1x and 802.11i
- Cisco CCx Compliant

4.5 Audio

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i systems support analog and digital inputs/outputs via standard 3.5" audio jacks. For system audio specifications refer to **Table 5 – Audio Specifications**.

4.5.1 Audio Codec General Description

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i incorporates Realtek ALC888S-VC2 audio codec. ALC888S-VC2 is a high-performance 7.1+2 Channel High Definition Audio Codec with two independent S/PDIF outputs. It features ten DAC channels that simultaneously support 7.1 sound playback, plus independent stereo sound output (multiple streaming) through the front panel stereo outputs, and integrate two stereo ADCs that can support a stereo microphone, and feature Acoustic Echo Cancellation (AEC), Beam Forming (BF), and Noise Suppression (NS) for voice applications.

The ALC888S-VC2 supports 16/20/24-bit S/PDIF input and output functions with sampling rate of up to 192 kHz, offering easy connection of PCs to high quality consumer electronic products such as digital decoders and Minidisk devices. In addition to the standard (primary) S/PDIF output function, the ALC888S features another independent (secondary) S/PDIF-OUT output and converters that transport digital audio output to a High Definition Media Interface (HDMI) transmitter (becoming more common in high-end PCs).

All analog IO are input and output capable, and headphone amplifiers are also integrated at each analog output. All analog IOs can be re-tasked according to user's definitions, or automatically switched.

The ALC888S-VC2 supports host audio controller from the AMD FCH chipset, and also from any other HDA compatible audio controller. With EAX/Direct Sound 3D/I3DL2/A3D compatibility, and excellent software utilities like environment sound emulation, multiple-band software equalizer and dynamic range control, optional Dolby® Digital Live, DTS® CONNECT™, and Dolby® Home Theater programs, the ALC888S provides an excellent home entertainment package and game experience for PC users.

The ALC888S-VC2 meets the current WLP3.10 (Windows Logo Program) and future WLP requirements that become effective from 01 June 2008 (See Enhanced Features section below). The ALC888S-VC2 also conforms to Intel's Audio Codec low power state white paper and is ECR compliant.

4.5.2 Audio Codec Features

- Meets premium audio requirements for Microsoft WLP 3.10
- High-performance DACs with 97dB SNR (A-Weighting), ADCs with 90dB SNR (A-Weighting)
- Ten DAC channels support 16/20/24-bit PCM format for 7.1 sound playback, plus 2 channels of independent stereo sound output (multiple streaming) through the front panel output
- Two stereo ADCs support 16/20/24-bit PCM format recording simultaneously
- All DACs supports 16/20/24-bit, 44.1k/48k/96k/192kHz sample rate
- All ADCs supports 16/20/24-bit, 44.1k/48k/96k/192kHz sample rate

- Two independent S/PDIF-OUT converters support 16/20/24-bit, 4.1k/48k/88.2k/96k/192kHz sample rate. One converter for normal S/PDIF output, the other outputs an independent digital stream to the HDMI transmitter
- One S/PDIF-IN converter supports 44.1k/48k/96k/192k Hz sample rate
- Two jack detection pins each designed to detect up to 4 jacks
- Extra jack detection pin for CD input when it is used as an optional line level input, S/PDIF input and output
- Supports legacy analog mixer architecture
- Wide range (–80dB ~ +42dB) volume control with 1.5dB resolution of analog to analog mixer gain
- Software selectable boost gain (+10/+20/+30dB) for analog microphone input
- All analog jacks are stereo input and output re-tasking for analog plug & play
- Built-in headphone amplifiers for each re-tasking jack
- Support stereo digital microphone interface to improve voice quality
- Integrates high pass filter to cancel DC offset generated from digital microphone
- Support low voltage IO for HDA Link (1.5V~3.3V)
- Intel low power ECR compliant, supports power status control for each analog converter and pin widgets, supports jack detection and wake up event in D3 mode

4.6 Super-I/O Controller

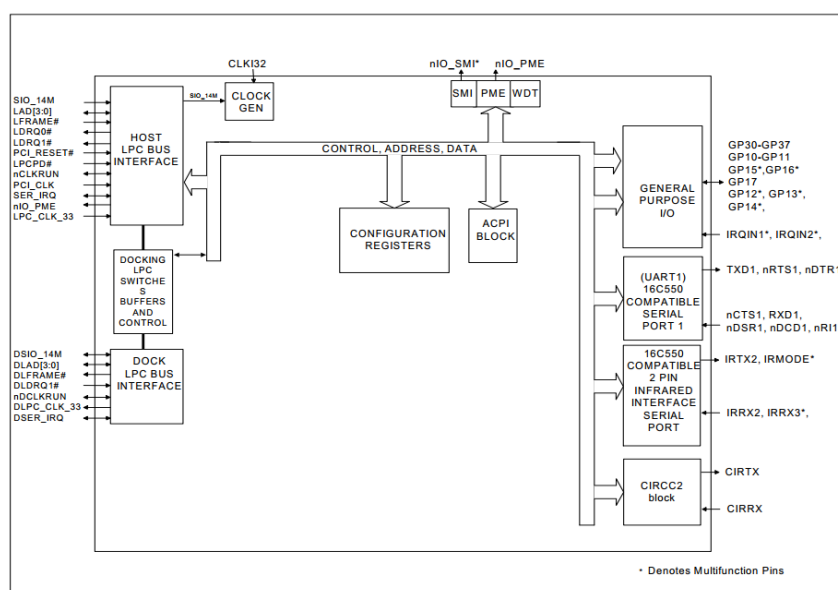
Fit-PC3 design provides RS232 serial communication between Data Terminal Equipment (Host) and Data Communication Equipment (Device) by the means of Super-I/O Controller SMSC SIO1007, which implements LPC Bus to UART Bridge. The SIO1007 implements the LPC interface with the LPC PortSwitch interface. The LPC PortSwitch interface is a hot switchable external docking LPC interface. It also features a full 16bit internally decoded address bus, a Serial IRQ interface with PCI clock support, relocatable configuration ports and three DMA channel options.

The SIO1007 incorporates one complete 8-pin UART. In addition SIO1007 provides a second UART to support a serial Infrared interface that complies with IrDA v1.2 (Fast IR) and several other popular IR formats.

■ Main Features

- One full function Serial port
- High Speed UART with Send/Receive 16-Byte FIFOs
- Support 230k and 460k Baud rates
- Programmable baud rate generator
- Modem control circuit
- IR communication controller
- LPC bus Host interface
- LPC PortSwitch interface
- Two IRQ input pins
- PC99a and ACPI 1.0 Compliant
- Intelligent Auto Power Management
- 16x GPIOs

Figure 13 – SMSC SIO1007 Super-I/O Controller functional block diagram



5 Interfaces

5.1 PCI Express*

This section describes the PCI Express interface capabilities of the processor. See the PCI Express Base Specification for details of PCI Express. The processor has one PCI Express controller that can support one external x4 PCI Express Graphics or General Purpose Device. The primary PCI Express Graphics port is referred to as PEG 0.

5.1.1 PCI Express* Architecture

Compatibility with the PCI addressing model is maintained to ensure that all existing applications and drivers may operate unchanged.

The PCI Express configuration uses standard mechanisms as defined in the PCI Plug-and-Play specification. The processor external graphics ports support Gen 2 speed. The 4-lane PCI Express* graphics port can operate at either 2.5 GT/s, 5 GT/s.

PCI Express* Gen 1.1 and Gen 2 uses 8b/10b encoding scheme.

5.1.2 PCI Express* Specifications

- The port may negotiate down to narrower widths.
Support for x4/x1 widths for a single PCI Express* mode.
- 2.5 GT/s and 5.0 GT/s PCI Express* frequencies are supported.
- Gen1 Raw bit-rate on the data pins of 2.5 GT/s, resulting in a real bandwidth per pair of 250 MB/s given the 8b/10b encoding used to transmit data across this interface. This also does not account for packet overhead and link maintenance.
- Maximum theoretical bandwidth on the interface of 1.25 GB/s in each direction simultaneously, for an aggregate of 2.5 GB/s when x4 Gen 1.
- Gen 2 Raw bit-rate on the data pins of 5.0 GT/s, resulting in a real bandwidth per pair of 500 MB/s given the 8b/10b encoding used to transmit data across this interface. This also does not account for packet overhead and link maintenance.
- Maximum theoretical bandwidth on the interface of 2.5 GB/s in each direction simultaneously, for an aggregate of 5 GB/s when x4 Gen 2.
- PCI Express* reference clock is 100-MHz differential clock.
- Power Management Event (PME) functions.
- Dynamic width capability.
- Polarity inversion.
- Supports Half Swing “low-power/low-voltage”.

Note: The AMD processor and FCH does not support PCI Express* Hot-Plug.

5.1.3 Mini PCI Express* Edge Connector

Table 22 – mini PCI Express edge connector pinout

mini PCI Express edge connector						
Pin #	Pin Name	Signal Description	Pin #	Pin Name	Signal Description	
1	WAKE#	Open drain, active low signal driven low by a mini PCIe card to reactivate the PCIe link	2	3.3Vaux	3.3V power rail	
3	COEX1/Reserved	Reserved for future wireless coexistence control interface between radios (if needed)	4	GND	Ground connection	
5	COEX2/Reserved		6	1.5V	1.5V power rail	
7	CLKREQ#	Clock request - open drain, active low driven by mini PCIe card to request PCIe reference clock	8	UIM_PWR/Reserved	The UIM signals are defined on the system connector to provide the interface between the removable User Identity Module (UIM) Interface - an extension of SIM and WWAN.	
9	GND	Ground connection	10	UIM_DATA/Reserved		
11	REFCLK-	PCI Express differential reference clock (100 MHz)	12	UIM_CLK/Reserved		
13	REFCLK+		14	UIM_RESET/Reserved		
15	GND	Ground connection	16	UIM_VPP/Reserved		
Mechanical Notch Key						
17	Reserved/UIM_C8	Reserved	18	GND	Ground connection	
19	Reserved/UIM_C4	Reserved	20	W_DISABLE#	Active low signal when asserted by the system disable radio operation. Reserved for future use.	
21	GND	Ground connection	22	PERST#	Asserted when power is switched off and also can be used by the system to force HW reset	
23	PERn0	PCI Express differential receive pair	24	3.3Vaux	3.3V power rail	
25	PERp0		26	GND	Ground connection	
27	GND	Ground connection	28	1.5V	1.5V power rail	
29	GND	Ground connection	30	SMB_CLK	Optional SMBus two-wire interface for Host/mini PCIe module communication	
31	PETn0	PCI Express differential transmit pair	32	SMB_DATA		
33	PETp0		34	GND	Ground connection	
35	GND	Ground connection	36	USB_D-	USB Host Interface	
37	GND	Ground connection	38	USB_D+		
39	3.3Vaux	3.3V power rail	40	GND	Ground connection	
41	3.3Vaux	3.3V power rail	42	LED_WWAN#	Active low output signals are provided to allow status indications to users via system provided LEDs	
43	GND	Ground connection	44	LED_WLAN#		
45	Reserved	Reserved for future second PCI Express Lane	46	LED_WPAN#		
47	Reserved		48	1.5V		1.5V power rail
49	Reserved		50	GND		Ground connection
51	Reserved		52	3.3Vaux		3.3V power rail

5.2 Unified Media Interface (UMI)

Unified Media Interface (UMI) connects the processor and the FCH.

5.2.1 UMI Specifications

- UMI 2.0 support
- Four lanes in each direction
- GT/s point-to-point UMI interface to FCH is supported
- Raw bit-rate on the data pins of 5.0 Gbps, resulting in a real bandwidth per pair of 500 MB/s given the 8b/10b encoding used to transmit data across this interface. Does not account for packet overhead and link maintenance.
- Maximum theoretical bandwidth on interface of 2 GB/s in each direction simultaneously, for an aggregate of 4 GB/s when UMI x4
- Shares 100-MHz PCI Express* reference clock
- DC coupling – no capacitors between the processor and the FCH
- Polarity inversion
- FCH end-to-end lane reversal across the link
- Supports Half Swing “low-power/low-voltage”

5.3 Digital Display Interface

The FCH can drive a number of digital interfaces natively. The Digital Ports can be configured to drive HDMI, DVI, DisplayPort, and Embedded DisplayPort. Fit-PC3/3i system architecture provide HDMI/DVI and/or DisplayPort interfaces on its digital video outputs.

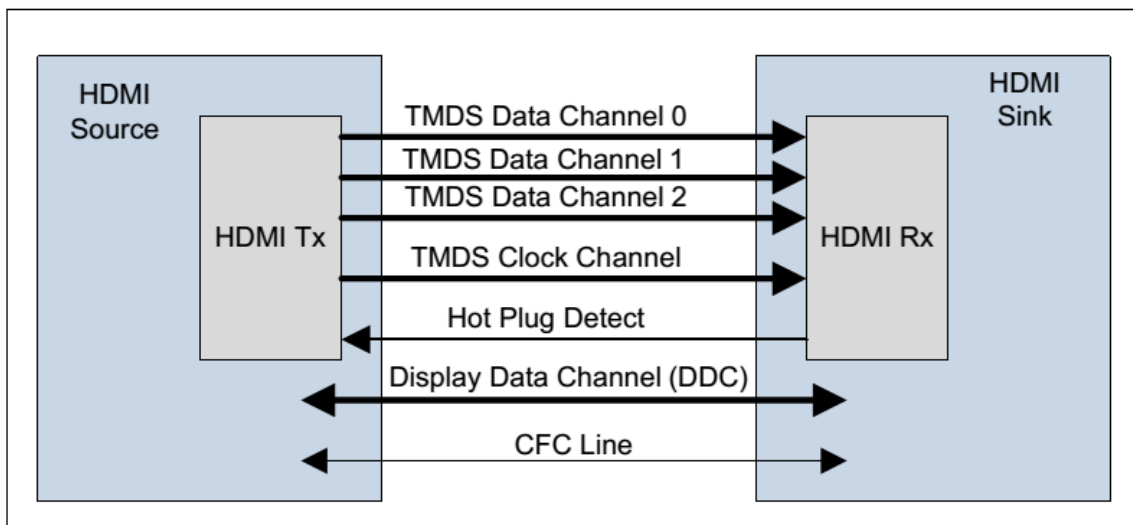
5.3.1 High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI)

The High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) is provided for transmitting uncompressed digital audio and video signals from DVD players, set-top boxes and other audiovisual sources to television sets, projectors and other video displays. It can carry high quality multi-channel audio data and all standard and high-definition consumer electronics video formats. HDMI display interface connecting the FCH and display devices utilizes transition minimized differential signaling (TMDS) to carry audiovisual information through the same HDMI cable.

HDMI includes three separate communications channels: TMDS, DDC, and the optional CEC (consumer electronics control) which is not supported by the FCH. As shown in **Figure 14** the HDMI cable carries four differential pairs that make up the TMDS data and clock channels. These channels are used to carry video, audio, and auxiliary data. In addition, HDMI carries a VESA DDC. The DDC is used by an HDMI Source to determine the capabilities and characteristics of the Sink.

Audio, video and auxiliary (control/status) data is transmitted across the three TMDS data channels. The video pixel clock is transmitted on the TMDS clock channel and is used by the receiver for data recovery on the three data channels. The digital display data signals driven natively through the FCH are AC coupled and needs level shifting to convert the AC coupled signals to the HDMI compliant digital signals. FCH HDMI interface is designed as per High-Definition Multimedia Interface Specification 1.4a.

Figure 14 – HDMI Link Diagram



5.3.1.1 HDMI Connector

Table 23 shows the pin assignments of the HDMI external connector on a downstream port on a Source device (fit-PC3/3i), and **Table 24** signal description on the HDMI port.

Table 23 – Downstream Port HDMI Connector Pinout

Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	TMDS_DATA2+	2	TMDS_DATA2 Shield
3	TMDS_DATA2-	4	TMDS_DATA1+
5	TMDS_DATA1 Shield	6	TMDS_DATA1-
7	TMDS_DATA0+	8	TMDS_DATA0 Shield
9	TMDS_DATA0-	10	TMDS_CLK+
11	TMDS_CLK Shield	12	TMDS_CLK-
13	CEC	14	Reserved
15	DDC_SCL	16	DDC_SDA
17	GND	18	PWR_5V
19	HPD		

Table 24 – Downstream Port HDMI Connector Signal Description

Pin #	Signal	Source Direction	Description
1	TMDS_DATA2+	Out	Data differential pair 2 - Link 1
2	TMDS_DATA2 Shield	-	
3	TMDS_DATA2-	Out	
4	TMDS_DATA1+	Out	Data differential pair 1 - Link 1
5	TMDS_DATA1 Shield	-	
6	TMDS_DATA1-	Out	
7	TMDS_DATA0+	Out	Data differential pair 0 - Link 1
8	TMDS_DATA0 Shield	-	
9	TMDS_DATA0-	Out	
10	TMDS_CLK+	Out	Clock differential pair - Link 1
11	TMDS_CLK Shield	-	
12	TMDS_CLK-	Out	
13	CEC	In/Out	Consumer Electronics Control
14	Reserved	-	
15	DDC_SCL	Out	EDID Communication channel
16	DDC_SDA	In/Out	
17	GND	-	
18	PWR_5V	Out	Power
19	HPD	In	Hot Plug Detect

5.3.2 Digital Video Interface (DVI)

The FCH Digital Ports can be configured to drive DVI-D. DVI uses TMDS for transmitting data from the transmitter to the receiver which is similar to the HDMI protocol but without the audio and CEC. Refer to the HDMI section for more information on the signals and data transmission. To drive DVI-I through the back panel the VGA DDC signals is connected along with the digital data and clock signals from one of the Digital Ports. The digital display data signals driven natively through the FCH are AC coupled and needs level shifting to convert the AC coupled signals to the HDMI compliant digital signals.

5.3.3 Display Port Interface (DP)

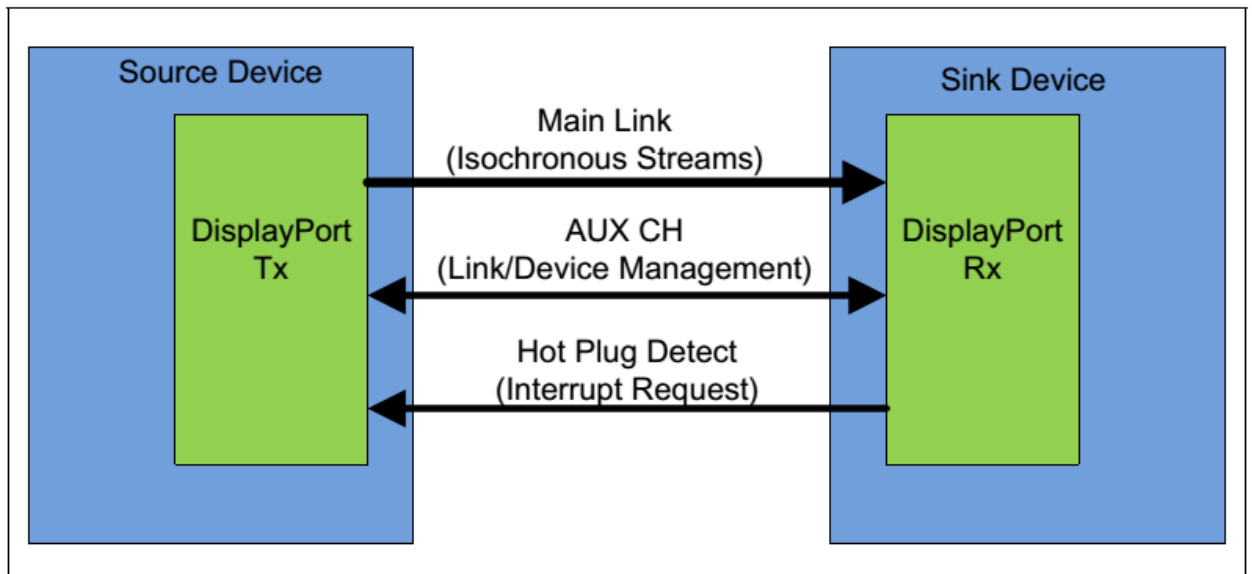
DisplayPort is a digital communication interface that utilizes differential signaling to achieve a high bandwidth bus interface designed to support connections between PCs and monitors, projectors, and TV displays. DisplayPort is also suitable for display connections between consumer electronics devices such as high definition optical disc players, set top boxes, and TV displays.

A DisplayPort consists of a Main Link, Auxiliary channel, and a Hot Plug Detect signal. The Main Link is a unidirectional, high-bandwidth, and low latency channel used for transport of

isochronous data streams such as uncompressed video and audio. The Auxiliary Channel (AUX CH) is a half-duplex bidirectional channel used for link management and device control. The Hot Plug Detect (HPD) signal serves as an interrupt request for the sink device.

FCH is designed as per VESA DisplayPort Standard Version 1.1a.





















Figure 15 – DP Link Diagram



5.3.3.1 DisplayPort Connector

Table 25 shows the pin assignments of the DisplayPort external connector on a downstream port on a Source device (fit-PC3/3i) and **Table 26** show the pin assignments of the DisplayPort external connector on an upstream port on a Sink device (DisplayPort Monitor).





















Table 25 – Downstream Port DP Connector Pinout

Pin Number	Signal Type	Pin Name	Mating Row Contact Location	Vertically Opposed Connector's Front View
1	Out	ML_Lane 0(p)	Top	
2	GND	GND	Bottom	
3	Out	ML_Lane 0 (n)	Top	
4	Out	ML_Lane 1 (p)	Bottom	
5	GND	GND	Top	
6	Out	ML_Lane 1 (n)	Bottom	
7	Out	ML_Lane 2 (p)	Top	
8	GND	GND	Bottom	
9	Out	ML_Lane 2 (n)	Top	
10	Out	ML_Lane 3 (p)	Bottom	
11	GND	GND	Top	
12	Out	ML_Lane 3 (n)	Bottom	
13	CONFIG (see note 1)	CONFIG1	Top	
14	CONFIG (see note 1)	CONFIG2	Bottom	
15	I/O	AUX CH (p)	Top	
16	GND	GND	Bottom	
17	I/O	AUX CH (n)	Top	
18	In	Hot Plug Detect	Bottom	
19	RTN	Return	Top	
20	PWR Out (see note 2)	DP_PWR	Bottom	

Notes:

1. Pins 13 and 14 must be connected to ground through a pull-down device. External devices and cable assemblies must be designed to not rely on a low impedance ground path from these pins.
2. Pin 20, PWR Out, must provide +3.3V+/-10% with a maximum current of 500mA and a minimum power capability of 1.5 watts.

Table 26 – Upstream Port DP Connector Pinout

Pin Number	Signal Type	Pin Name	Mating Row Contact Location	Vertically Opposed Connector's Front View	
1	In	ML_Lane 3(n)	Top		
2	GND	GND	Bottom		
3	In	ML_Lane 3 (p)	Top		
4	In	ML_Lane 2 (n)	Bottom		
5	GND	GND	Top		
6	In	ML_Lane 2 (p)	Bottom		
7	In	ML_Lane 1 (n)	Top		
8	GND	GND	Bottom		
9	In	ML_Lane 1 (p)	Top		
10	In	ML_Lane 0 (n)	Bottom		
11	GND	GND	Top		
12	In	ML_Lane 0 (p)	Bottom		
13	CONFIG (see note 1)	CONFIG1	Top		
14	CONFIG (see note 1)	CONFIG2	Bottom		
15	I/O	AUX CH (p)	Top		
16	GND	GND	Bottom		
17	I/O	AUX CH (n)	Top		
18	Out	Hot Plug Detect	Bottom		
19	RTN	Return	Top		
20	Power Out (see note 2)	DP_PWR	Bottom		

Notes:

1. Pins 13 and 14 must be connected to ground through a pull-down device. External devices and cable assemblies must be designed to not rely on a low impedance ground path from these pins.
2. Pin 20, PWR Out, must provide +3.3 volts $\pm 10\%$ with a maximum current of 500mA and a minimum power capability of 1.5 watts.

Table 27 shows the wiring of an external cable connector assembly.

Table 27 – Display Port Cable

Receptacle On Source Device			DisplayPort Standard Cable										Receptacle on the Sink Device		
			Source Side Plug		Cable Wiring		Sink Side Plug								
At SOURCE		Pin#	At SOURCE		Pin#	At SINK		At SINK		Pin#	Sink End Dongle				
Signal Type			Signal Type			Signal Type					Signal Type				
Out	ML_Lane 0 (p)	1	Out	ML_Lane 0 (p)	1	1	ML_Lane 3 (n)	In		1	ML_Lane 3 (n)	In			
GND	GND	2	GND	GND	2	2	GND	GND		2	GND	GND			
Out	ML_Lane 0 (n)	3	Out	ML_Lane 0 (n)	3	3	ML_Lane 3 (p)	In		3	ML_Lane 3 (p)	In			
Out	ML_Lane 1 (p)	4	Out	ML_Lane 1 (p)	4	4	ML_Lane 2 (n)	In		4	ML_Lane 2 (n)	In			
GND	GND	5	GND	GND	5	5	GND	GND		5	GND	GND			
Out	ML_Lane 1 (n)	6	Out	ML_Lane 1 (n)	6	6	ML_Lane 2 (p)	In		6	ML_Lane 2 (p)	In			
Out	ML_Lane 2 (p)	7	Out	ML_Lane 2 (p)	7	7	ML_Lane 1 (n)	In		7	ML_Lane 1 (n)	In			
GND	GND	8	GND	GND	8	8	GND	GND		8	GND	GND			
Out	ML_Lane 2 (n)	9	Out	ML_Lane 2 (n)	9	9	ML_Lane 1 (p)	In		9	ML_Lane 1 (p)	In			
Out	ML_Lane 3 (p)	10	Out	ML_Lane 3 (p)	10	10	ML_Lane 0 (n)	In		10	ML_Lane 0 (n)	In			
GND	GND	11	GND	GND	11	11	GND	GND		11	GND	GND			
Out	ML_Lane 3 (n)	12	Out	ML_Lane 3 (n)	12	12	ML_Lane 0 (p)	In		12	ML_Lane 0 (p)	In			
CONFIG	CONFIG1	13	CONFIG	CONFIG1	13	13	CONFIG1	CONFIG		13	CONFIG1	CONFIG			
CONFIG	CONFIG2	14	CONFIG	CONFIG2	14	14	CONFIG2	CONFIG		14	CONFIG2	CONFIG			
I/O	AUX_CH (p)	15	I/O	AUX_CH (p)	15	15	AUX_CH (p)	I/O		15	AUX_CH (p)	I/O			
GND	GND	16	GND	GND	16	16	GND	GND		16	GND	GND			
I/O	AUX_CH (n)	17	I/O	AUX_CH (n)	17	17	AUX_CH (n)	I/O		17	AUX_CH (n)	I/O			
In	Hot Plug Detect	18	In	Hot Plug Detect	18	18	Hot Plug Detect	Out		18	Hot Plug Detect	Out			
PWR RTN	Return DP_PWR	19		Return DP_PWR	19	19	Return DP_PWR			19	Return DP_PWR	PWR RTN			
PWR Out	DP_PWR	20		DP_PWR	20	20	DP_PWR			20	DP_PWR	PWR Out			

5.4 Analog Display Interface

The Analog Port provides RGB signal output along with a HSYNC and VSYNC signal. There is an associated Display Data Channel (DDC) signal pair that is implemented using GPIO pins dedicated to the Analog Port. The intended target device is for a monitor with a VGA connector. Display devices such as LCD panels with analog inputs may work satisfactory but no functionality added to the signals to enhance that capability.

5.4.1 VGA DB15 Connector

For an analog interface fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i system design provisions standard DB15 female connector.

Table 28 – VGA DB15 Connector

Pin #	Signal	Source Direction	Description
1	VGA_RED	Out	Analog red information
2	VGA_GREEN	Out	Analog green information
3	VGA_BLUE	Out	Analog blue information
4	NC	-	
5	GND	-	Ground
6	GND	-	Ground
7	GND	-	Ground
8	GND	-	Ground
9	5V	Out	Power
10	GND	-	Ground
11	NC	-	
12	DDC_SDA	In/Out	EDID Communication Channel Data
13	VGA_HSYNC	Out	Horizontal sync signal
14	VGA_VSYNC	Out	Vertical sync signal
15	DDC_SCL	Out	EDID Communication Channel Clock
16	CHASSIS	-	
17	CHASSIS	-	

Note: VGA DB15 connector is not assembled by default but available for custom orders with MOQ (minimum order quantity) > 100 units.

5.5 RS232 Serial Interface

Fit-PC3 design provide RS232 serial communication port (COM1) and support seven RS232 signal set by the means of Super-I/O Controller described in 4.6 and RS232/UART line driver transceiver device. Due to small dimension physical port is implemented with ultra mini serial connector with the pinout in the table below.

Note: Fit-PC3i design doesn't implement RS232 communication.

Figure 16 – COM1 Serial Port Pinout

Pin #	Signal	Host Direction	Description
1	COM1_TX	Out	Transmit Data – Carries data from DTE to DCE
2	COM1_RTS	Out	Request To Send – DTE requests the DCE prepare to receive data
3	COM1_RX	In	Receive Data – Carries data from DCE to DTE
4	COM1_CTS	In	Clear To Send – Indicates DCE is ready to accept data
5	COM1_DTR	Out	Data Terminal Ready – Indicates presence of DTE to DCE
6	COM1_DSR	In	Data Set Ready – DCE is ready to receive commands or data
7	COM1_RI	In	Ring Indicator – DCE has detected an incoming ring signal on the telephone line
8	GND	-	Ground

6 Miscellaneous Features

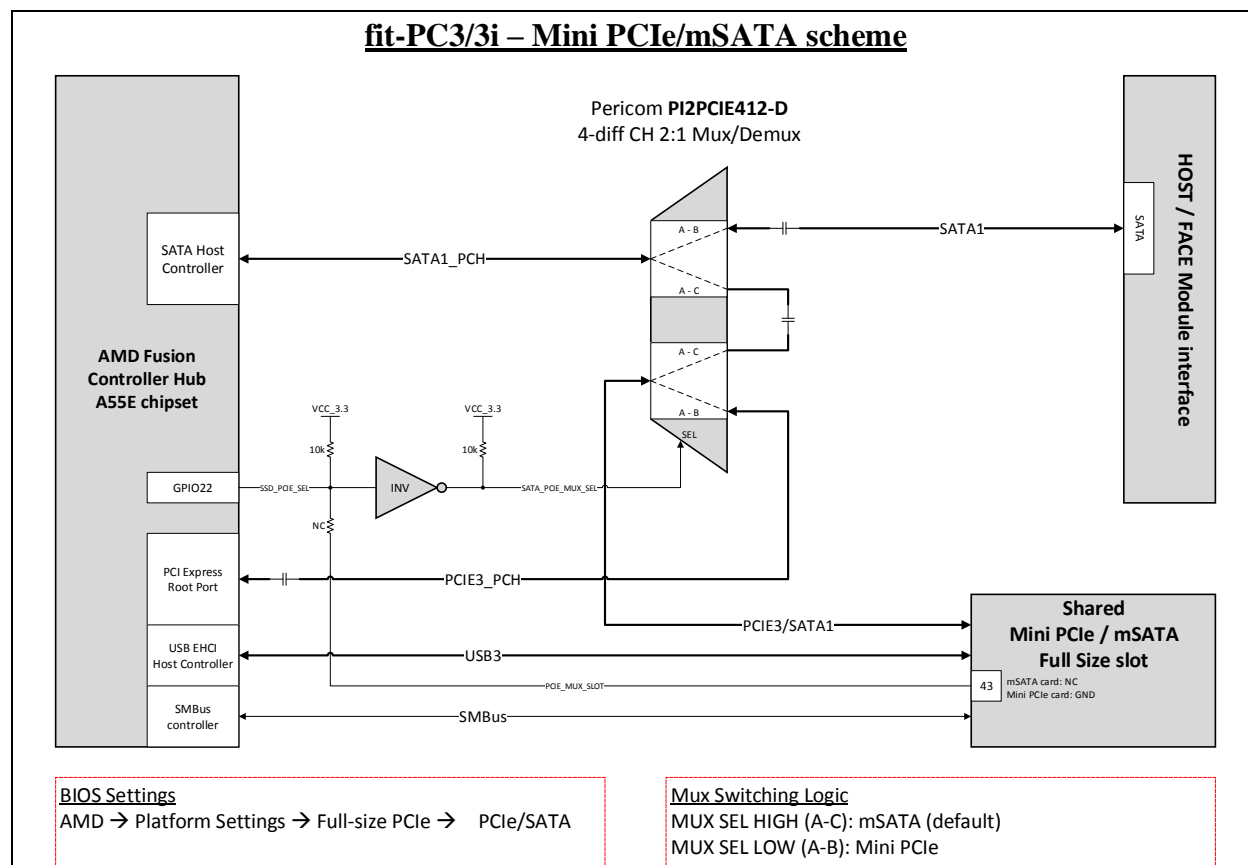
6.1 Mini PCI Express/mSATA sharing

Fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i advanced platform components and Compulab's flexible system design offers extremely high utilization of different functionalities and mechanical Form Factors to be implemented on the same HW.

Mini PCIe and mSATA share the same slot, and allow the flexibility to install both storage and PCI express devices. PCI Express/SATA interface switching implemented with 4-channel differential bi-directional multiplexer/de-multiplexer as shown in **Figure 17**.

Note: Proper functionality requires BIOS configuration to set the MUX to desired connectivity option (mSATA by default).

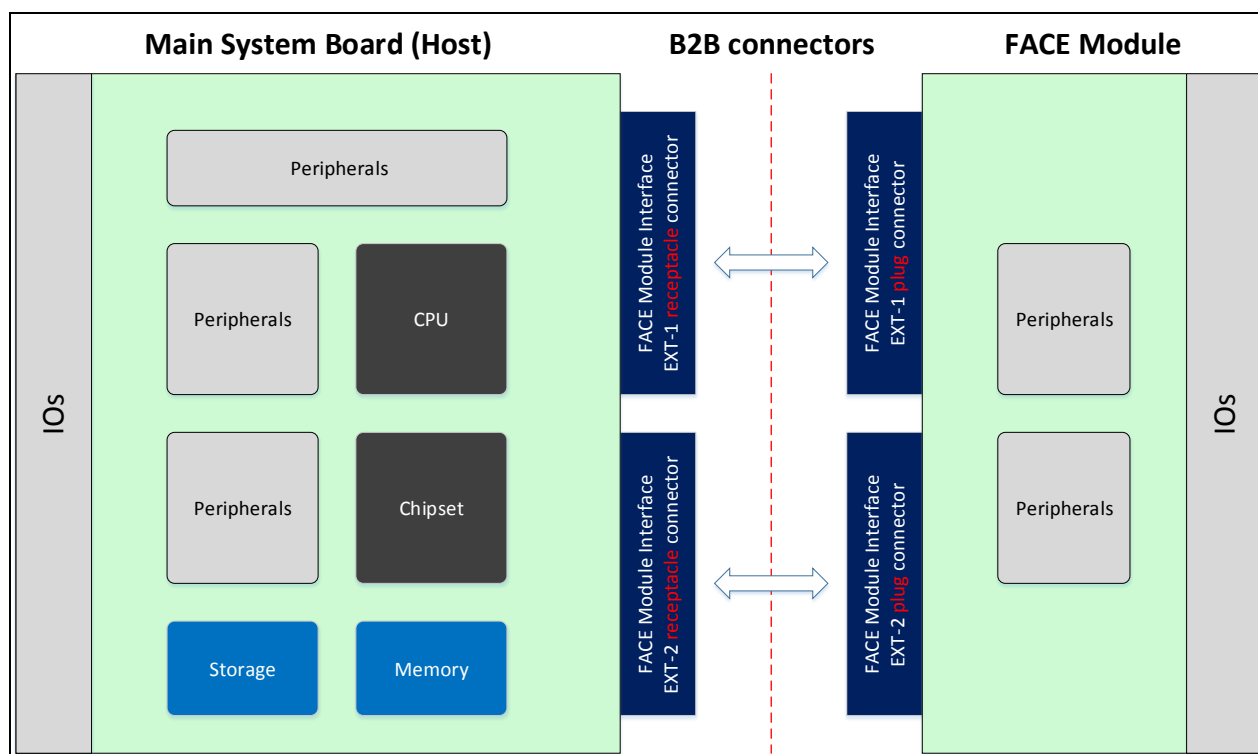
Figure 17 – fit-PC3/3i PC Mini PCIe/mSATA scheme



6.2 FACE Module Interface

FACE Module (**F**unction **A**nd **C**onnectivity **E**xtension Module) designed as additional/optional system board providing extended functionality and IO connectivity options. The interface between main system board and FACE module implemented with high speed, low pitch, and high pin count board-to-board connectors (B2B). Connectors' pinout including signals mapping and description described later in this chapter.

Figure 18 – FACE Module concept



6.2.1 Extension Connectors

Complete B2B receptacle and plug connector's specifications shown in the tables below.

Table 29 – B2B receptacle connector HOST side

Item	Option A	Option B	Option C
Manufacturer	FCI	Tyco	Oupiin
PN	61082-10260	5-5179180-4	2382-100C00DP1T-M
Type	Receptacle	Receptacle	Receptacle
Positions	2x50	2x50	2x50
Pitch	0.8mm	0.8mm	0.8mm
Current rating	0.5A	0.5A	0.5A
Height	7.7mm	7.7mm	7.7mm
Stacking height	12mm	12mm	12mm

Table 30 – B2B plug connector FACE Module side

Item	Option A	Option B	Option C
Manufacturer	FCI	Tyco	Oupiin
PN	61083-10460	3-5177986-4	2381-100C00DP4T-M
Type	Plug	Plug	Plug
Positions	2x50	2x50	2x50
Pitch	0.8mm	0.8mm	0.8mm
Current rating	0.5A	0.5A	0.5A
Height	7.7mm	7.7mm	7.7mm
Stacking height	12mm	12mm	12mm

6.2.2 Connectors Pinout

The tables below provide complete pinout of extension connectors EXT1, EXT2 and signals mapping.

Table 31 – EXT1 connector HOST side pinout

EXT-1 connector HOST side					
Pin #	Pin Name	Signal Description	Pin #	Pin Name	Signal Description
A1	GND	Ground connection	B1	GND	Ground connection
A2	SATA2_TX+	SATA3.0 differential transmit pair 2	B2	SATA0_TX+/CLK+	Host PCIe CLK output differential pair - 100MHz PCIe Gen2 to PCIe devices
A3	SATA2_TX-		B3	SATA0_TX-/CLK-	
A4	IR_RX	IR UART receive signal	B4	SATA0_LED	SATA activity LED indicator
A5	SATA2_RX+	SATA3.0 differential receive pair 2	B5	SATA0_RX+/CLK+	Host PCIe CLK output differential pair - 100MHz PCIe Gen2 to PCIe devices
A6	SATA2_RX-		B6	SATA0_RX-/CLK-	
A7	GND	Ground connection	B7	VSSBY	5V power domain
A8	SATA3_TX+	SATA3.0 differential transmit pair 3	B8	SATA1_RX+	SATA3.0 differential receive pair 1; Host signal shared with mini PCIe
A9	SATA3_TX-		B9	SATA1_RX-	
A10	SMB_ALERT#	SMBus Alert used to wake the system	B10	DEBUG1	Reserved debug signal
A11	SATA3_RX+	SATA3.0 differential receive pair 3	B11	SATA1_TX+	SATA3.0 differential transmit pair 1; Host signal shared with mini PCIe
A12	SATA3_RX-		B12	SATA1_TX-	
A13	VSSBY	5V power domain	B13	VSSBY	5V power domain
A14	SMB_CLK	SMBus host clock output. Connect to SMBus slave.	B14	USB3_P	USB Host interface 3
A15	SMB_DAT	SMBus bidirectional data. Connect to SMBus slave.	B15	USB3_N	
A16	HDA_RST#	High Definition Audio host reset	B16	USB_OC_2_3#	USB Overcurrent Indicator for lanes 2/3
A17	HDA_SYNC	High Definition Audio host sync	B17	USB2_P	USB Host interface 2
A18	HDA_BITCLK	High Definition Audio host bit clock out 24MHz	B18	USB2_N	
A19	HDA_SDOOUT	High Definition Audio serial host data out	B19	VSSBY	5V power domain
A20	HDA_SDIN1	High Definition Audio serial host data in1	B20	Reserved	Reserved for internal test purposes
A21	HDA_SDIN0	High Definition Audio serial host data in0	B21	Reserved	Reserved for internal test purposes
A22	DEBUG3	Reserved debug signal	B22	LPC_SERIRQ	Serial Interrupt Request
A23	GND	Ground connection	B23	LPC_CLK	Single Ended 33MHz CLK host out to PCI devices
A24	USB0_P	USB Host interface lane 0	B24	LPC_FRAME#	LPC interface frame signal
A25	USB0_N		B25	GND	Ground connection
A26	USB_OC0_1#	USB Overcurrent Indicator for lanes 0/1	B26	Reserved	Reserved for internal use only
A27	USB1_P	USB Host interface 1	B27	Reserved	Reserved for internal use only
A28	USB1_N		B28	Reserved	Reserved for internal use only
A29	GND	Ground connection	B29	Reserved	Reserved for internal use only
A30	LPC_AD0	LPC bus multiplexed command, address and data. Internal PU provided on LPC[3:0]	B30	Reserved	Reserved for internal use only
A31	LPC_AD1		B31	RESET#	Active Low Platform Reset driven by the Host
A32	LPC_AD2		B32	PCIE_CLK+	Host PCIe CLK output differential pair - 100MHz PCIe Gen2 to PCIe devices
A33	LPC_AD3		B33	PCIE_CLK-	

A34	GND	Ground connection	B34	EXT_PRSENT#	Clock Request for PCI Express 100 MHz Clocks
A35	PCIE_TX3+	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 3	B35	PCIE_RX3+	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential receive pair 3
A36	PCIE_TX3-		B36	PCIE_RX3-	
A37	PCIE_WAKE#	PCI Express Wake Event from Device to Host	B37	SPI_EXT_CNTRL	SPI interface external control signal
A38	PCIE_TX2+	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 2	B38	PCIE_RX2+	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential receive pair 2
A39	PCIE_TX2-		B39	PCIE_RX2-	
A40	GND	Ground connection	B40	GND	Ground connection
A41	PCIE_TX1+	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 1	B41	PCIE_RX1+	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential receive pair 1
A42	PCIE_TX1-		B42	PCIE_RX1-	
A43	PWRBTN#	System power button signal	B43	SLP#	Assert LP state S3 (sleep) active low signal
A44	PCIE_TX0+	Host CPU PEG (x1) - PCIe Gen3 (up to 8Gbps) differential transmit pair for external graphics	B44	PCIE_RX0+	Host CPU PEG (x1) - PCIe Gen3 (up to 8Gbps) differential receive pair for external graphics
A45	PCIE_TX0-		B45	PCIE_RX0-	
A46	RESERVED	Reserved debug signal	B46	RESERVED	Reserved debug signal
A47	VCC_12V	Main 12V power domain	B47	VCC_12V	Main 12V power domain
A48	VCC_12V		B48	VCC_12V	
A49	VCC_12V		B49	VCC_12V	
A50	VCC_12V		B50	VCC_12V	

Table 32 – EXT2 connector HOST side pinout

EXT-2 connector HOST side					
Pin #	Pin Name	Signal Description	Pin #	Pin Name	Signal Description
A1	GND	Ground connection	B1	GND	Ground connection
A2	PEG_RX0+/RSVD0	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 2	B2	PEG_TX0+/RSVD6	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 2
A3	PEG_RX0-/RSVD1		B3	PEG_TX0-/RSVD7	
A4	DGPU_PRSENT#/RSVD3	XGPIOD0 (FCH GPIO145)	B4	DGPU_PWREN#/RSVD8	
A5	PEG_RX1+/RSVD4	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 3	B5	PEG_TX1+/RSVD9	PCI Express (x1) Gen2 (up to 5Gbps) differential transmit pair 3
A6	PEG_RX1-/RSVD5		B6	PEG_TX1-/RSVD10	
A7	GND	Ground connection	B7	GND	Ground connection
A8	PEG_RX2+/RSVD11	Not Connected	B8	PEG_TX2+/RSVD16	Reserved
A9	PEG_RX2-/RSVD12		B9	PEG_TX2-/RSVD17	
A10	DGPU_PWROK/RSVD13	XGPIOD1 (FCH GPIO146)	B10	DGPU_HOLD_RST#/RSVD18	XGPIO1 (FCH GPIO1)
A11	PEG_RX3+/RSVD14	Not Connected	B11	PEG_TX3+/RSVD19	Not Connected
A12	PEG_RX3-/RSVD15		B12	PEG_TX3-/RSVD20	XGPIO4 (FCH GPIO4)
A13	GND	Ground connection	B13	GND	Ground connection
A14	PEG_RX4+/RSVD21	XGPIOD5 (FCH GPIO144)	B14	PEG_TX4+/RSVD26	XGPIO5 (FCH GPIO5)
A15	PEG_RX4-/RSVD22	XGPIOD6 (FCH GPIO147)	B15	PEG_TX4-/RSVD27	XGPIO6 (FCH GPIO6)

A16	DGPU_SELECT#/RSVD23	XGPIOD3 (FCH GPIO149)	B16	DGPU_HPD_INTR#/RSVD28	XGPIO3 (FCH GPIO3)
A17	PEG_RX5+/RSVD24	XGPIOD8 (FCH GPIO129)	B17	PEG_TX5+/RSVD29	XGPIO7 (FCH GPIO7)
A18	PEG_RX5-/RSVD25	XGPIOD9 (FCH GPIO130)	B18	PEG_TX5-/RSVD30	XGPIO8 (FCH GPIO8)
A19	V5SBY	5V power domain	B19	V5SBY	5V power domain
A20	PEG_RX6+/RSVD31	XS5GPIO0 (FCH GPIO201)	B20	PEG_TX6+/RSVD36	XGPIO9 (FCH GPIO9)
A21	PEG_RX6-/RSVD32	XS5GPIO1 (FCH GPIO202)	B21	PEG_TX6-/RSVD37	XGPIO10 (FCH GPIO10)
A22	DGPU_PWM_SELECT#/RSVD33	XGPIOD4 (FCH GPIO150)	B22	SPARE/eDP_HDP	NC
A23	PEG_RX7+/RSVD34	XS5GPIO3 (FCH GPIO204)	B23	PEG_TX7+/RSVD38	XGPIO11 (FCH GPIO11)
A24	PEG_RX7-/RSVD35	XS5GPIO4 (FCH GPIO205)	B24	PEG_TX7-/RSVD39	XGPIO12 (FCH GPIO12)
A25	GND	Ground connection	B25	GND	Ground connection
A26	LVDS_A0+/eDP_TX0+	Not Connected	B26	PEG_CLK+/RSVD40	Host PCIe differential CLK output - 100MHz PCIe Gen2 to PCIe device
A27	LVDS_A0-/eDP_TX0-		B27	PEG_CLK-/RSVD41	
A28	LVDS_A1+/eDP_TX1+	Not Connected	B28	LVDS_BKLT_CTRL	Panel Backlight Brightness Control
A29	LVDS_A1-/eDP_TX1-		B29	COM1_DCR	Full RS232 interface from Host to DCE device (shared with back panel COM port and only single may be used)
A30	LVDS_A2+/eDP_TX2+	Not Connected	B30	COM1_TX	
A31	LVDS_A2-/eDP_TX2-		B31	COM1_DCD	
A32	GND	Ground connection	B32	GND	Ground connection
A33	LVDS_A3+/eDP_TX3+	Not Connected	B33	COM1_DTR	Full RS232 interface from Host to DCE device (shared with back panel COM port and only single may be used)
A34	LVDS_A3-/eDP_TX3-		B34	COM1_RTS	
A35	LVDS_VDD_EN	LVDS Panel Power Enable	B35	COM1_RX	
A36	LVDS_ACLK+/eDP_AUX+	Not Connected	B36	COM1_CTS	
A37	LVDS_ACLK-/eDP_AUX-		B37	COM1_RI	
A38	GND	Ground connection	B38	LVDS_BKLT_EN	LVDS Backlight Enable
A39	LVDS_CTRL_CLK	SMB2_SCLK (general purpose bus)	B39	LVDS_I2C_CLK	APU_SID (Sideband-Temperature Sensor Interface Clock)
A40	LVDS_CTRL_DATA	SMB2_SDA (general purpose bus)	B40	LVDS_I2C_DAT	APU_SID (Sideband-Temperature Sensor Interface Data)
A41	PEG_CLK_REQ#/RSVD42	Clock Request Signal for PCIe Graphics (PEG)	B41	GND	Ground connection
A42	USB3_TX0_P	GPIO_FANTACH1	B42	USB3_TX0_P	USB1.1 Host interface 1
A43	USB3_TX0_N	GPIO_FANTACH2	B43	USB3_TX0_N	
A44	GND	Ground connection	B44	NC	XPWM_GPIO0 (FCH GPIO197)
A45	USB3_RX0_P	USB Host interface 13	B45	USB3_RX0_P	USB1.1 Host interface 0
A46	USB3_RX0_N		B46	USB3_RX0_N	
A47	USB_OC_4_5#	USB Overcurrent Indicator for lanes 2/3	B47	SPARE0	Host chipset spare GPIO
A48	USB4_P	USB Host interface 5	B48	VCC_12V	Main 12V power domain
A49	USB4_N		B49	VCC_12V	
A50	GND	Ground connection	B50	VCC_12V	

6.3 Custom Design GPIOs

Fit-PC3/3i incorporates general purpose input output signals for user application implementations and custom system design. The GPIOs were selected and configured to provide convenient in/out functionality.

Table 33 – Custom Design GPIO table

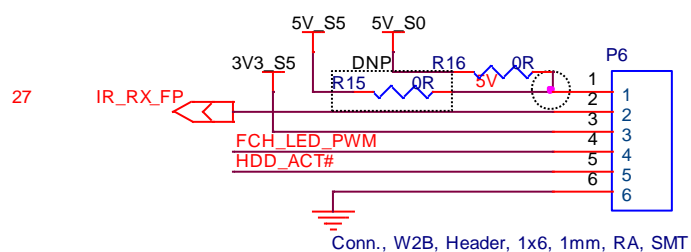
FCH GPIO	Signal	Direction	Default Drive	Default Pull (PU/PD)	EXT2 pin#
GPIO1	XGPIO1	Out	Low	No Pull	B10
GPIO3	XGPIO3	Out	High	FUNCTION0/AD3	B16
GPIO4	XGPIO4	Out	High	No Pull	B12
GPIO5	XGPIO5	Out	High	No Pull	B14
GPIO6	XGPIO6	Out	High	FUNCTION0/AD6	B15
GPIO7	XGPIO7	Out	High	No Pull	B17
GPIO8	XGPIO8	Out	High	No Pull	B18
GPIO9	XGPIO9	In	-	No Pull	B20
GPIO10	XGPIO10	In	-	No Pull	B21
GPIO11	XGPIO11	Out	High	No Pull	B23
GPIO12	XGPIO12	Out	High	No Pull	B24
GPIO57	GPIO_FANTACH1	Out	High	No Pull	A42
GPIO58	GPIO_FANTACH2	In	-	PU	A43
GPIOD129	XGPIOD8				A17
GPIOD130	XGPIOD9				A18
GPIOD144	XGPIOD5				A14
GPIOD146	XGPIOD1				A10
GPIOD147	XGPIOD6				A15
GPIOD149	XGPIOD3				A16
GPIOD150	XGPIOD4				A22
GPIO197	XPWM_GPIO0			FUNCTION0/PWM	B44
GPIO201	XS5GPIO0	Out	High	PU/FUNCTION0	A20
GPIO202	XS5GPIO1	Out	High	PU/FUNCTION0	A21
GPIO204	XS5GPIO3	Out	High	PU/FUNCTION0	A23
GPIO205	XS5GPIO4	Out	High	PU/FUNCTION0	A24

6.4 Misc Use Connector

Fit-PC3/3i offers custom use connector with the following connectivity options:

Table 34 – Misc Use Connector

Pin #	Signal	Source Direction	Description
1	5V	Out	5V power
2	IR_OUT	In	IR sensor output
3	3.3V	Out	3.3V power
4	FCH_LED_PWM	-	Board LED cathode (for external control)
5	HDD_ACT#	-	SATA LED cathode (for external control)
6	GND	-	Ground



7 Advanced Technologies

7.1 AMD Virtualization Technology

Virtualization helps companies save money and increase agility. But it can also impose some serious CPU and memory demands on your hardware. You need a computing platform that can provide a robust and scalable environment for virtualization while maintaining power efficiency.

AMD Virtualization (AMD-V™) Technology is a set of hardware extensions to the x86 system architecture that allows you to better utilize your resources, which make your servers, clients, and datacenters more effective.

AMD-V™ is designed to help simplify virtualization solutions, enabling a more satisfying user experience and near native application performance. AMD-V technology includes features such as:

- **Virtualization extensions to the x86 instruction set** – Enables software to more efficiently create virtual machines so that multiple operating systems and their applications can run simultaneously on the same computer.
- **Tagged TLB** – Hardware features that facilitate efficient switching between virtual machines for better application responsiveness.
- **Rapid Virtualization Indexing (RVI)** – Helps accelerate the performance of many virtualized applications by enabling hardware-based virtual machine memory management.
- **AMD-V™ Extended Migration** - Hardware feature that helps virtualization software enable live migration of virtual machines between all available AMD Opteron™ processor generations.
- **I/O Virtualization** - Enables direct device access by a virtual machine, bypassing the hypervisor for improved application performance and improved isolation of virtual machines for increased integrity and security.

8 Power Management

8.1 Power Manager

In fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i system architecture Fusion Controller Hub (FCH) responsible for all Power Management functionality and activity.

Power management and its HW/FW defined by Compulab's system architecture and AMD platform architecture. It is responsible for power management and housekeeping functionality in the platform. It interfaces with processor, chipset, system power supplies and power sequencing logic. It is essential part for proper system operation.

9 Electrical Characteristics

9.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating the fit-PC3/3i under conditions beyond its absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. Absolute maximum ratings are limiting values to be considered individually when all other parameters are within their specified operating ranges. Functional operation and specification compliance under any absolute maximum condition, or after exposure to any of these conditions, are not guaranteed or implied. Exposure may affect device reliability.

Table 35 – Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Main power supply voltage	8.5	-	16	V

9.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Operating conditions include parameters that are under the control of the user: power-supply voltage and ambient temperature. The fit-PC3/3i meets all performance specifications when used within the recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise noted.

Table 36 – Recommended Operating Condition

Parameter	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Main power supply voltage	10	12	15	V

9.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 37 – DC Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Operating Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
3.3V Digital I/O					
V _{IH}	GPIOs	1.5	-	-	V
V _{IL}		-	-	1.5	V
V _{OH}		2.4	-	-	V
V _{OL}		-	-	0.4	V
RS232					
TX Voltage Swing		±5.0	±5.4	-	V
Input Voltage Range		-25	-	25	V

9.4 Power Supply

Fit-PC3/3i wall power supply:

- Input: 100-240VAC 50/60Hz
- Output: 12VDC 3A, 36W

10 Mechanical Characteristics

10.1 Mechanical Drawings

10.1.1 Fit-PC3 Pro

Figure 19 – fit-PC3 Pro Isometric Front

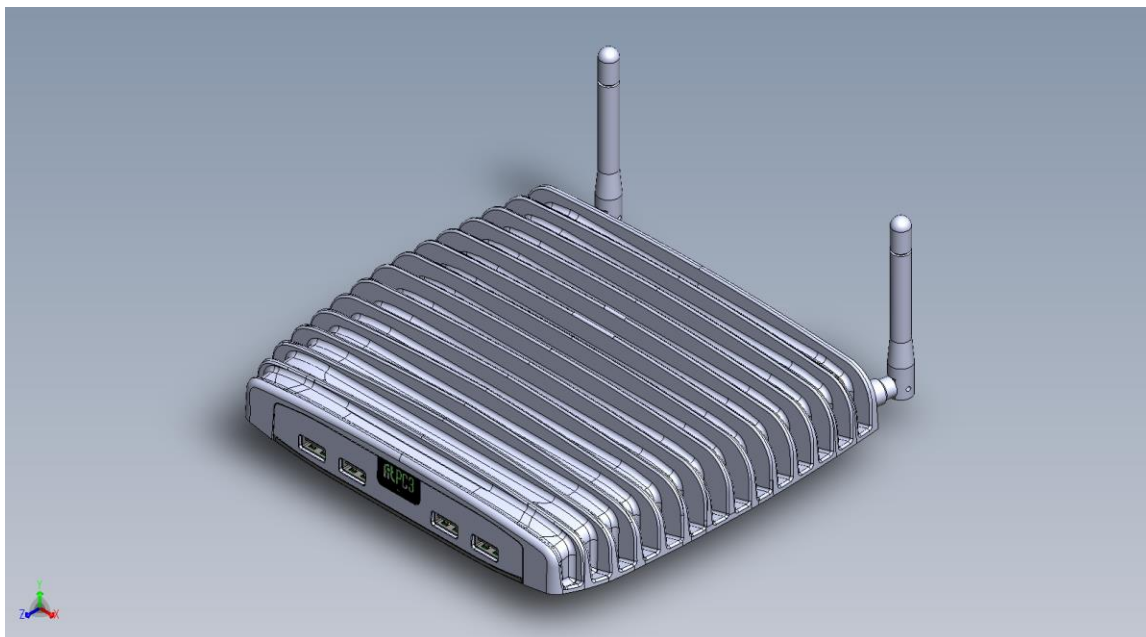


Figure 20 – fit-PC3 Pro Isometric Back

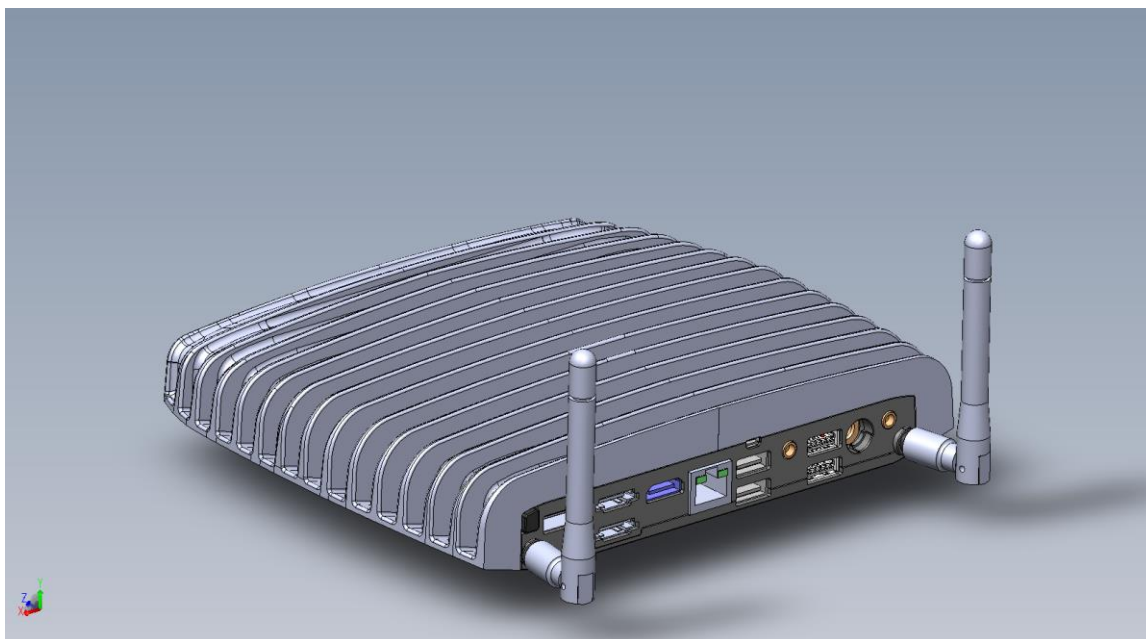


Figure 21 – fit-PC3 Pro Front Panel

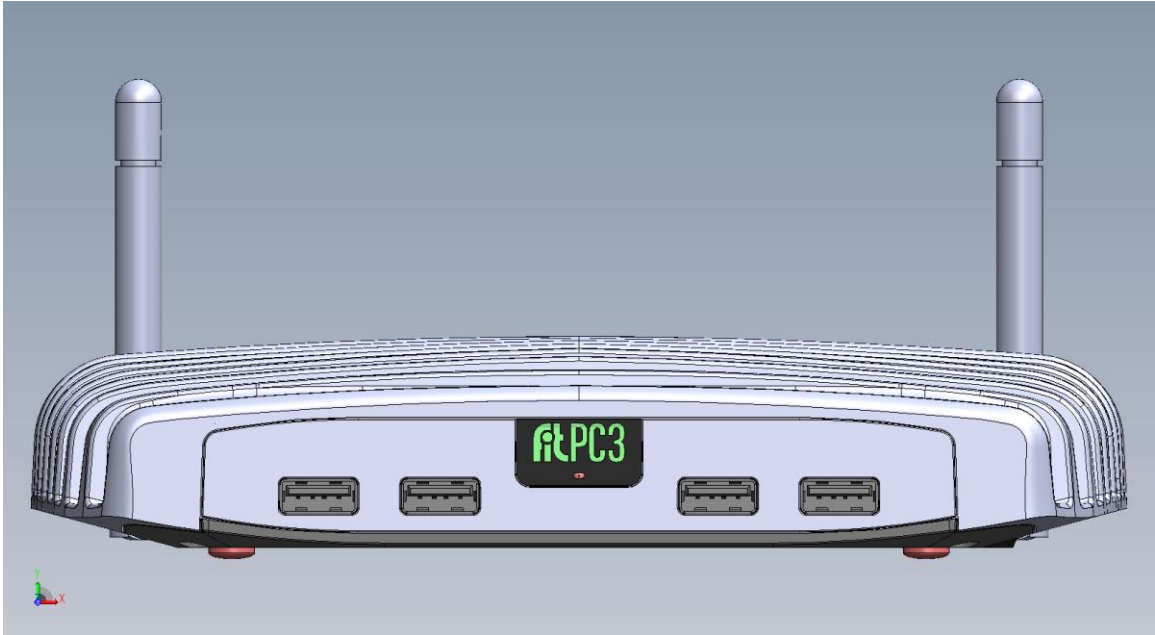


Figure 22 – fit-PC3 Pro Back Panel

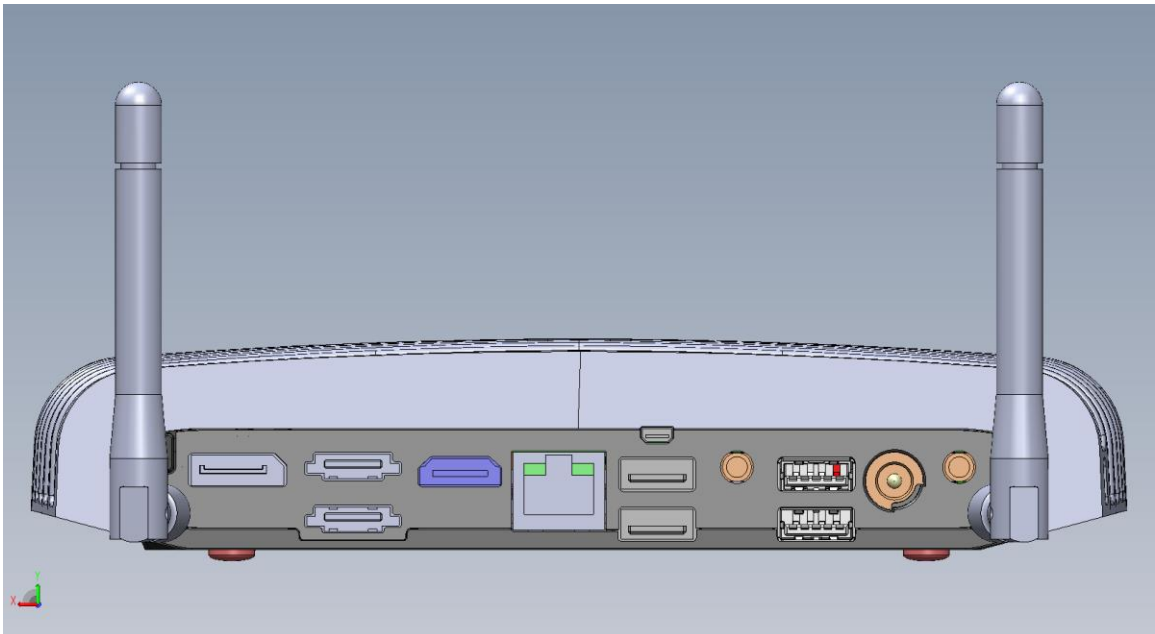


Figure 23 – fit-PC3 Pro Top

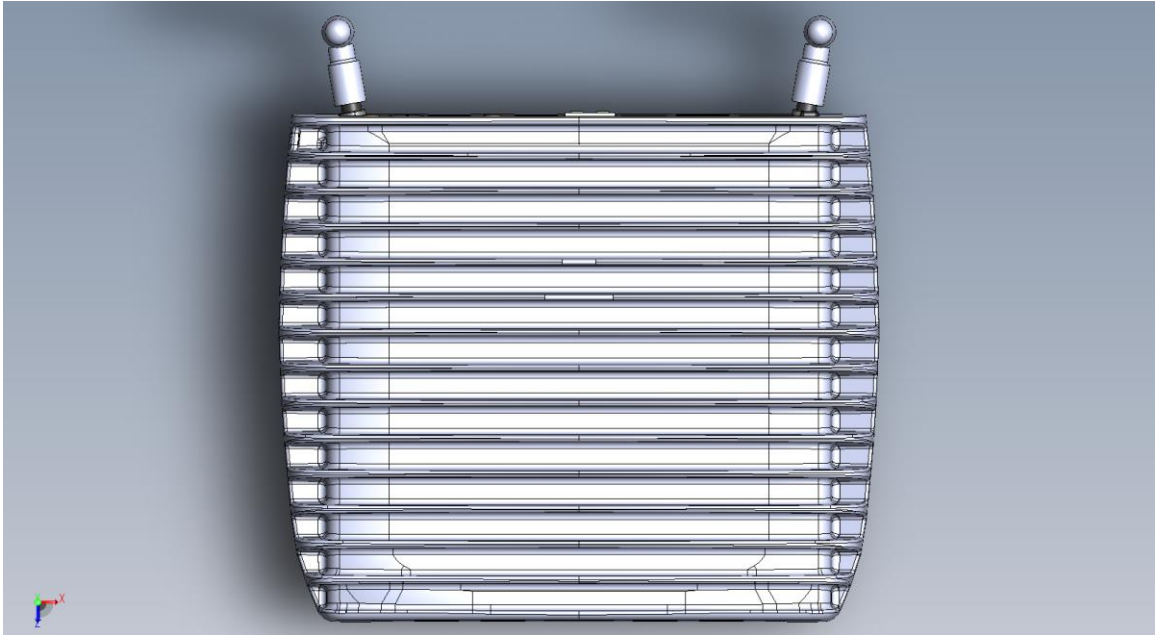
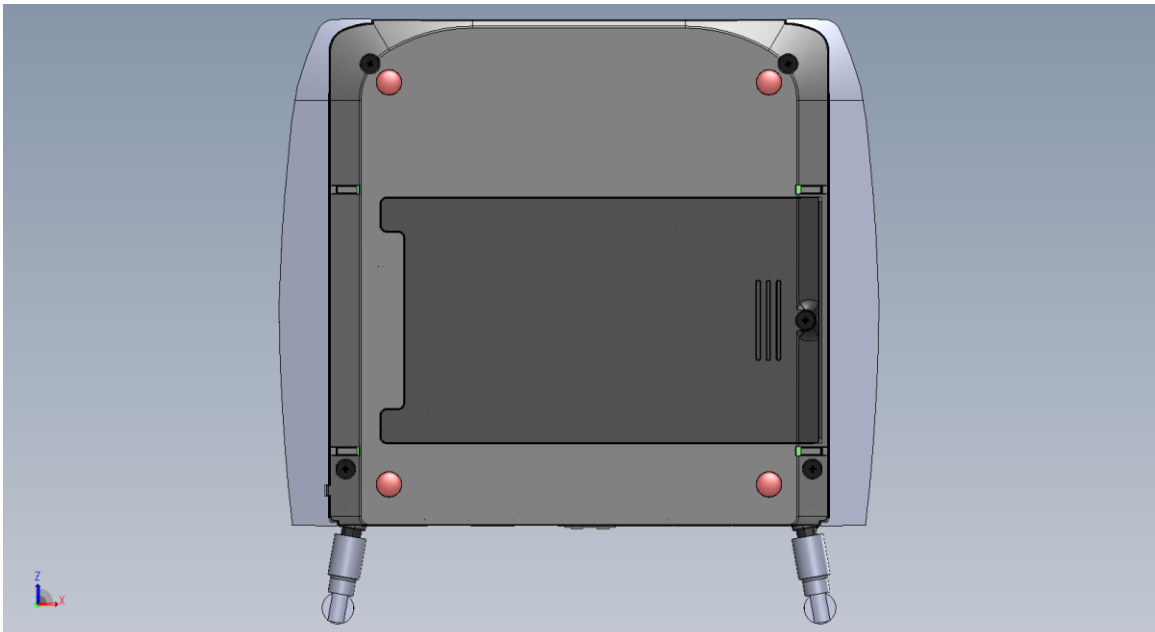


Figure 24 – fit-PC3 Pro Bottom



10.1.2 Fit-PC3 LP

Figure 25 – fit-PC3 LP Isometric Front

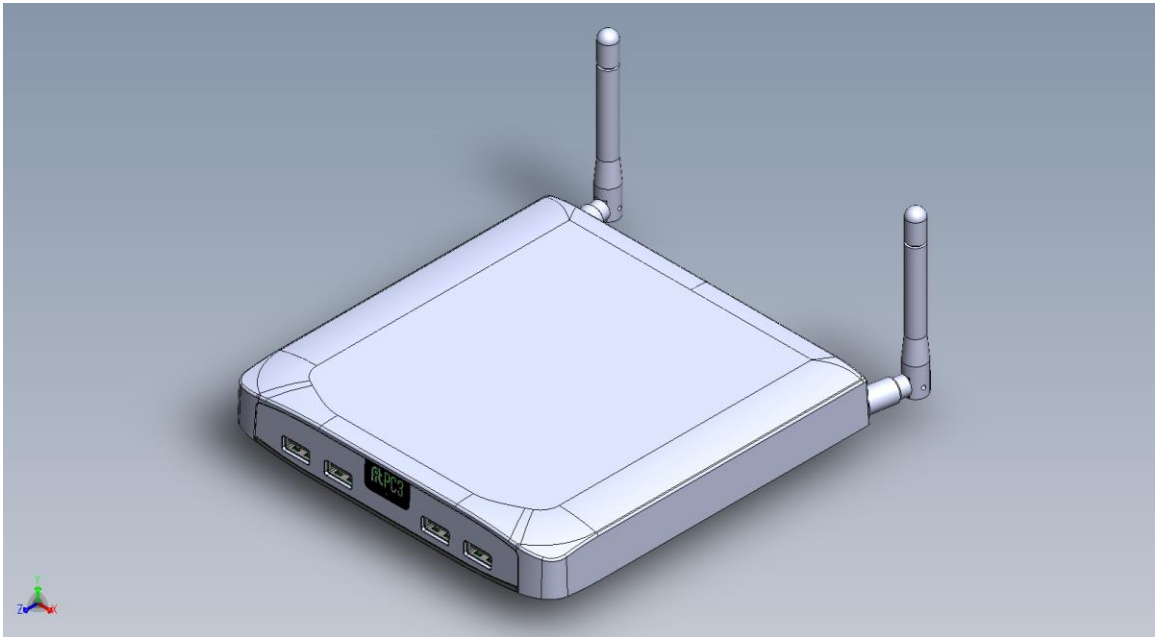


Figure 26 – fit-PC3 LP Isometric Back

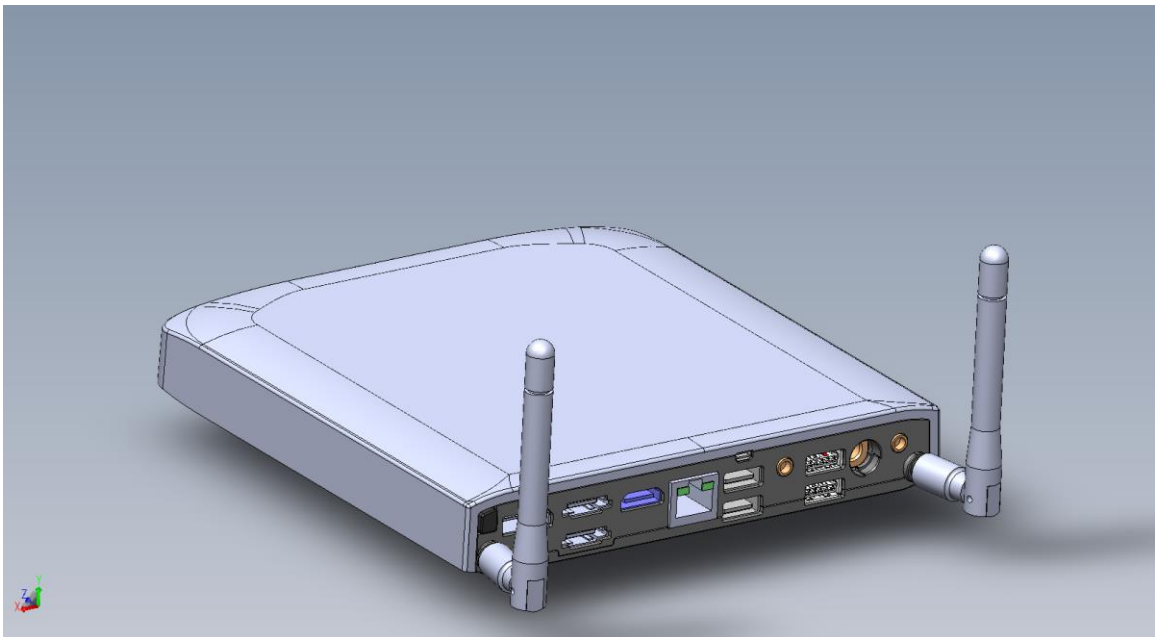


Figure 27 – fit-PC3 LP Front Panel

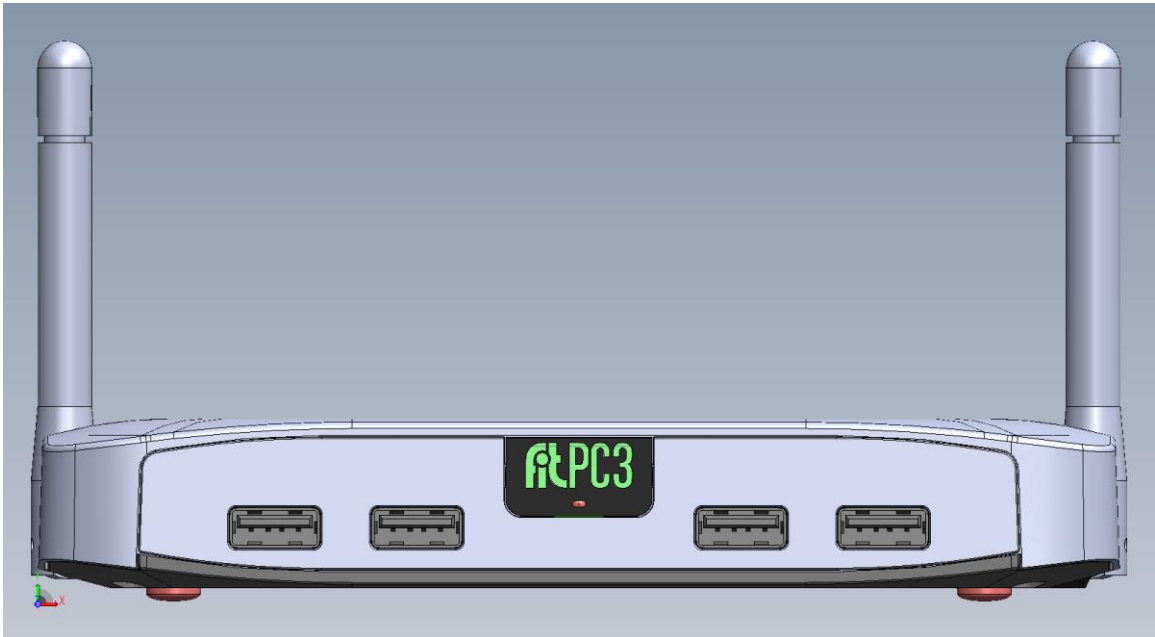


Figure 28 – fit-PC3 LP Back Panel

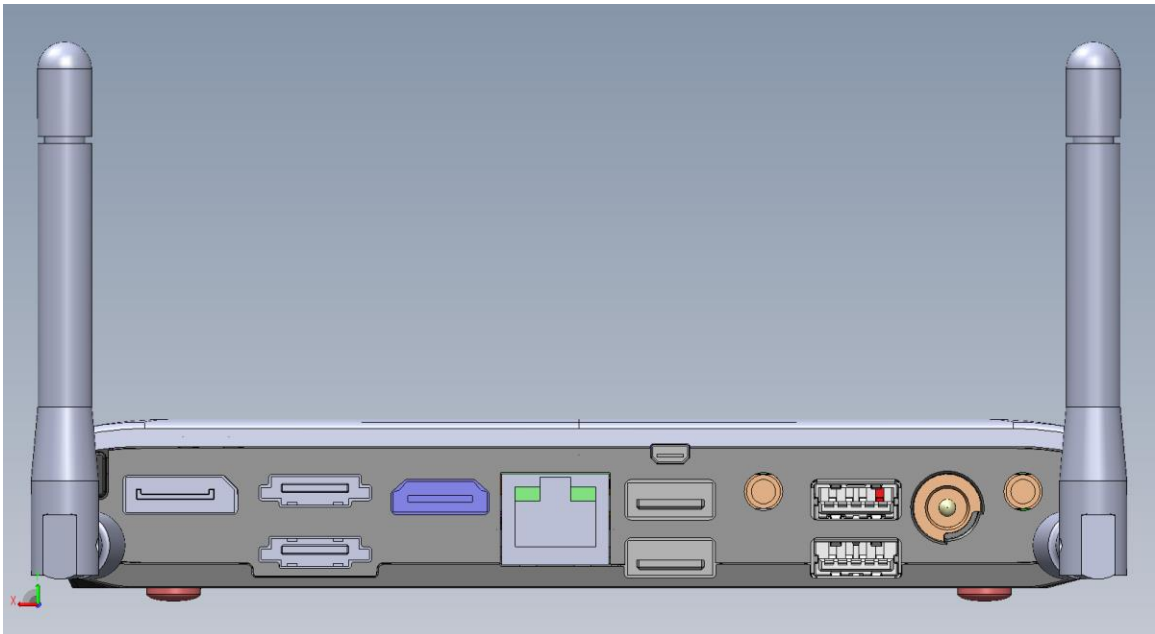


Figure 29 – fit-PC3 LP Top

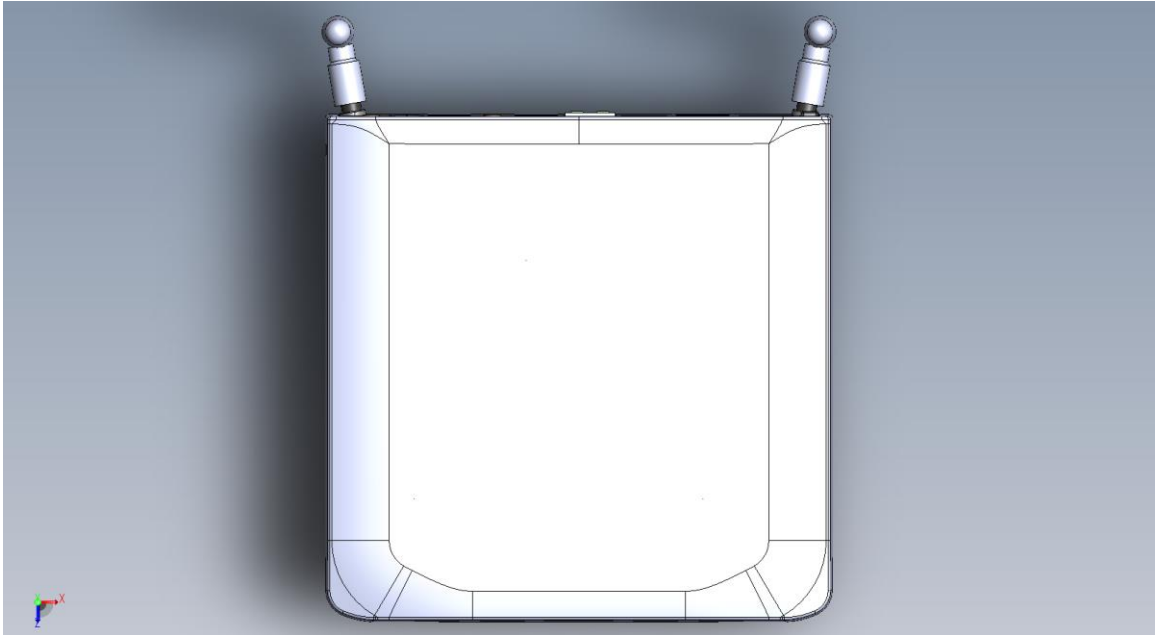
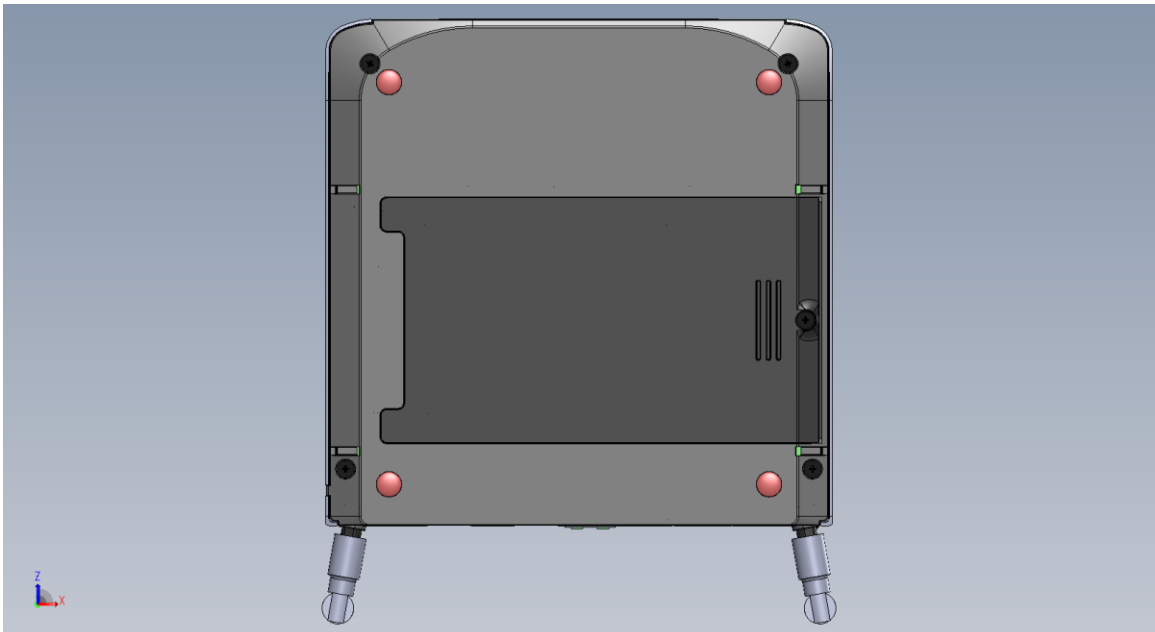


Figure 30 – fit-PC3 LP Bottom



10.1.3 Fit-PC3i

Fit-PC3i differs from fit-PC3 mechanical design on its back panel, due to different connectivity options provided.

Figure 31 – fit-PC3i Pro Back Panel

TBD

10.1.4 Single Board Computer

Single Board Computers or Open Chassis platforms based on fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i HW available for system integration and industrial business applications. Available in both variations with or without FACE Module. SBC HW should be thermally coupled to a passive or active cooling system in order to guarantee proper operation and maximal performance.

SBC supplied with a heat plate in order to simplify system integration and provide an easy way to attach it to a heat sink.

Note: Heat plate alone does NOT guarantee sufficient cooling in order to provide maximal performance, therefore in order to avoid system throttling or thermal shut down in worst cases, system integrators must supply additional system cooling method.

10.1.4.1 With FACE Module

Figure 32 – SBC-FITPC3 Mechanical Drawing with FACE Module

TBD

10.1.4.2 Without FACE Module

Figure 33 – SBC-FITPC3 Mechanical Drawing without FACE Module

TBD

10.2 Environmental

fit-PC3 and fit-PC3i models available in 3 operating temperature grades – Commercial, Extended and Industrial. Please refer to the table below:

Table 38 – Operating Temperature Grades

Operating Conditions	Op. Temp. grades		
	Commercial	Extended (TE)	Industrial (TI)
HDD models	0°C – 50°C	N/A	N/A
SSD models	0°C – 70°C	-20°C – 70°C	-40°C – 70°C

11 Resources

For more CompuLab resources please use the following links:

1. Fit-PC website:
<http://www.fit-pc.com/web/>
2. fit-PC3 website:
<http://www.fit-pc.com/web/products/fit-pc3/>
3. Wiki pages for additional documentation and driver download:
http://www.fit-pc.com/wiki/index.php/Main_Page
4. Forum:
<http://www.fit-pc.com/forum/viewforum.php?f=71>